

ASSOCIATED SCHOOLS OF CONSTRUCTION

ROCKY MOUNTAIN REGION REGION VI AK, AZ, CO, ID, MT, NV, NM, ÚT, WY FAR WEST REGION REGION VII CA, HI, OR, WA

National Preconstruction Problem February 13-16, 2008

Problem Statement

Phase II: Request for Proposals

Downtown Condominium Project Seattle, WA

Problem Sponsor:



PCL Construction Services, Inc. 15405 SE 37th Street, Suite 200 Bellevue, WA 98006

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- I. Preconstruction Problem Time Table
- II. Preface
- III. Problem Scenario
- IV. Problem Outline
- V. Submission Requirements
- VI. Scoring
- VII. List of Judges
- VIII. Competition Rules
- IX. Competition Evaluation Form
- X. Supplemental Information

I. PRECONSTRUCTION PROBLEM TIME TABLE

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 14 TH	
Turn in Phase I RFP	6:00 AM
Phase II Pre-Proposal Conf	6:00 AM
Written Questions (RFI's) Due	10:00AM
First Progress Meeting	
Second Progress Meeting	
Phase II Proposals Due	
FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 15TH	
Interview Start Times Posted	8:30 AM
Interview Materials Due (All Teams)	8:30 AM
Interviews Start	
Project Debriefing	7:00 PM
SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 16TH	
Career Fair	8:00 AM - 12:00PM
Awards Banquet / Luncheon	12:15 PM

II. PREFACE

Welcome to the 2008 ASC Student Competition. PCL Construction Services, Inc. is proud to be the sponsor of the new Preconstruction Services National Problem at the 2008 Competition in Sparks, NV.

We believe this problem will enhance each student's experience to the every day occurrence of preconstruction services in today's construction environment. Clients require varying levels of preconstruction services including design coordination, budget development and construction planning.

The problem proposed will be typical to the services provided to a client including the proper selection of your construction team, and in some cases, consultants and subcontractor team. Other services include risk analysis, contracts, design creation, estimating, constructability review, resource requirements, budgeting, scheduling, purchasing, safety and contracting.

This competition is an invaluable tool for your career development. It is designed to enhance and expose each team member in different facets of the construction industry. Each team members' technical knowledge of estimating, scheduling, planning, leadership, and communication skills will be put to the test during the next two days.

PCL hopes every team benefits from this 'real-life' experience. We are here to support the ASC and its members, so please ask questions after the competition is complete or any time throughout the school year.

Understand there are many dynamic elements to every project whether in design or under construction, including this actual project performed by PCL. Please keep an open mind to the challenges that are presented during this event. Learn from our own project experience, as well!

At the end of the day, only three teams are awarded a placement, with the best being recognized at the ASC Awards Ceremony on Saturday. Regardless of your final overall placement, each competitor is truly a winner when you combine the experience of the competition, coupled with the industry exposure you have gained throughout the event.

We look forward to great thinking, fellowship and sportsmanship throughout the week. We are proud to serve our great industry with this problem and advancing construction education to all the member schools, faculty and students of the Associated Schools of Construction! Good luck!

III. PROBLEM SCENARIO

Congratulations. The development team of PRIHD Development Partnership has short listed your firm from your team from their response to the Phase I RFP. Your team is now invited to continue on to the next stage of the Contractor selection process. You and several other competing teams will now be responding to the Phase 2 Request for Proposal.

Your team will develop the Phase II RFP Response based upon the schematic design drawings and outline specification documents prepared by the Owners' design consultants.

Your team will be asked to establish a project budget, prepare a preconstruction schedule and provide various other deliverables as defined in the succeeding portions of this Problem Statement. You must submit you documentation to the development team by 9:00 PM tonight and be prepared to present you findings to the developer's panel in a meeting with them tomorrow. Interim progress meetings are scheduled for 11:00AM and 2:00 PM today. Any questions should be delivered, in writing on the Request for Information (RFI) form to the management team at the 11:00 AM meeting. Response to these RFI's will be provided at or before the 2:00 PM meeting. The RFI form is provided in Section X - Supplemental Information Tab 0.0.

For the oral presentation on Friday, all teams shall include students representing at a minimum the following firm positions; your project executive, preconstruction manager, project manager, sr. estimator, project superintendent and project engineer. You will be allowed 25 minutes for the team presentation and 10 minutes for questions and answers from upper management.

At a minimum, your presentation should cover the following areas:

- Budget
- Schedule
- Site Utilization
- Team Differentiators

PROJECT INFORMATION

The developer proposes to construct a 204 unit high rise residential project, with light retail in the Belltown neighborhood of Seattle, to be located at the corner of Second and Broad. The site currently has an existing 4 story concrete and steel framed building with an at grade asphalt parking lot for about 44 cars. The developer owns the property outright. The proposed project will have 3 levels of below grade parking, approximately 3,500sf of retail and 204 mid-high quality level studio, 1, 2 and 3 bedroom condominiums.

The Owner has provided a geotechnical report which did not encounter any subsurface obstacles or contaminants. The excavation of the building will extend from property line to property line. The project will be 13 stories above grade, constructed of a post tension concrete frame, and clad with a mix of materials, including brick, metal panel and window wall. Balconies and decks will be constructed on a hybrid of concrete and steel with glass railing systems.

The developer anticipates breaking ground in late 2008/early 2009 and anticipates a 19-21 month construction schedule.

Mithun, the design firm has progressed the design to the 50 % schematic design stage, and the developer now wishes to engage a contractor to provide preconstruction services including design coordination, constructability review, budget development and construction planning prior to moving into the next design phase. The developer has a history of teaming with contractors and design consultants and does not necessarily award on the initial lowest budget or fee structure proposed.

Your firm has extensive high rise residential experience, and has in fact completed four projects within a ten block radius of the proposed project within the last ten years.

After the response to Phase 1, the developer has decided that the form of contract will be an AIA102-2007 with A201 General Conditions.

Any information concerning the size, scope and time lines provided in previous correspondence has been superseded by the information provided in this written problem statement.

IV. PROBLEM OUTLINE

Organize and tab your documentation submittal according to the following outline. Include only the information requested in **Section V- Submission Requirements.** Remember to be as brief as necessary to convey your points.

- 1. Cover Letter
- 2. Executive Summary
- 3. Project Budget
 - a. Conceptual Estimate Summary
 - b. Preconstruction Services Fee
 - c. General Conditions
 - d. Street Use Fees
 - e. Concrete Estimate
 - f. Subcontractor Recap
- 4. Project Schedule
- 5. Site Logistics
- 6. Area Summary & Analysis
- 7. Mechanical Load Analysis
- 8. Electrical Lighting Analysis
- 9. LEED Analysis
- 10. Bonus

V. SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS:

The appearance and organization of proposals is important in our industry, as it is often our first opportunity to interact with a new client and/or impress the upper management in your company. We want them to see the professional image we are trying to portray and be able to find and understand the information we are presenting. Points will be awarded in this section based upon appearance and organization, as well as the clear and concise responses the following requirements. Six copies on your Phase II response are to be submitted.

A disc has been included with some of the forms referenced so that you do not have to recreate them. Use these forms to respond to those portions of the problem for consistency across all teams. *Always*, check formulas to ensure that proper extensions are made.

1. Cover Letter

Provide a brief cover letter. Be sure to acknowledge all addenda, provide a company logo and sign the letter.

2. Executive Summary

An Executive Summary is an important part of your proposal. It identifies, in a summary fashion, the key benefits and features you want an Owner to know about your Company, and why they should choose your team over others for their project. It is an important sales tool. It let's you be creative and points out your most important differentiators from your competition. It should key in on what you have learned from your research of the Owner's "hot buttons" and should address how you will make sure those "hot buttons" are addressed. Your response to a Request for Proposal should always include an Executive Summary. See the Supplemental Information section for the Executive Summary exercise. Provide your final exercise in this section.

Deliverable:

1. Executive Summary

3. Project Budget

A. Conceptual Estimate Summary

You will be finalizing the estimate to determine the budget price that you will submit to the developer. The estimate will be prepared on the 50% Schematic Design Pricing set of documents that have been provided. The Conceptual Estimate Summary form has been filled out with the values for the items that have already been analyzed, priced and summarized, but you will be taking proposals on a few remaining trades, preparing a detailed concrete estimate, estimating your General Conditions, including street use fees, and determining your required fee for the

Project. See Supplemental Information section for forms. You will also prepare an estimate of the costs anticipated to be incurred during the preconstruction period of the project. You must plug the values of these items into the Conceptual Estimate Summary Form, apply your required fee for the project, and determine what the overall budget for the project should be.

Deliverable:

1. Completed Conceptual Estimate Summary

B. Preconstruction Costs

In an ever increasingly competitive industry and the requirement of many of our clients to operate in a collaborative environment with design professionals, the scope of preconstruction services to continues to grow. Preconstruction services can tie up significant amount of personnel resources who are not engaged in our core business of building actual projects. What was once considered as a loss leader and relatively inexpensive cost of project pursuit, preconstruction costs often represent a significant cost that need to be reimbursed by our clients as a professional service, much like that of our design consultants.

As part of your overall budget for the project you will need to prepare an estimate of preconstruction services. A preconstruction personnel billing rate worksheet and estimate form has been included in the Supplemental Information section for your use in developing the estimate. A description of required services for preconstruction services to be included in your estimate has also been included. Preconstruction costs shall be calculated to include personnel directly working on the project, as well as miscellaneous reimbursables. Preconstruction personnel generally work on multiple projects at one time and are generally not charged full time against any given project. Home office overhead is not to be included in preconstruction costs.

Deliverable:

1. Preconstruction Services Estimate

C. General Conditions

General Conditions are defined as the on-site project management and supervision costs incurred throughout the duration of the project to support and supervise subcontracted and self performed work. General condition costs are to be categorized by Project Staff for jobsite personnel costs only, and Project Overhead and Equipment related for equipment rental equipment, and the balance of general conditions costs not included as Project Staff.

Prepare a detailed breakout of General Conditions that your team anticipates for the project. Use the forms provided for each of the two categories of General Conditions costs as included in the Supplemental Information Section. One excel file has both worksheets, tabbed at the bottom of the spreadsheet. Personnel rates and equipment rental are included for your use. You may also use R.S. Means® manuals for any information required to complete your estimate, but not provided on

the rate sheets. Home office overhead is not included in the General Conditions for the project. You do not have to include costs for the Owner and subcontractors.

Supervisory staff positions are to be provided as deemed necessary by your team. The staff worksheet lists suggested positions as a starting point, but add or subtract as your team deems necessary. Remember there are 2080 work hours in a year.

Supervision costs for self performed work do not need to be included. Tower crane costs are included in the structure estimate and do not need to be included in the General Conditions. Personnel hoists are included in finishes section of the Estimate Summary and are not to be included in the General Conditions.

Prepare a Staffing Matrix showing the duration and period for each member to be assigned to the project.

Deliverables:

- 1. Completed General Conditions Estimate Forms
- 2. Staffing Matrix

D. Street Use Fees

As part of your site utilization plan you may be required to utilize sidewalks, streets, alleys, or enter the Right of Way from time to time, or for the duration of the project. This is typical for projects developed in an urban setting. Depending upon the jurisdiction in which any given project is located, street use permits and fees may be significant and cannot be overlooked in the development of your initial budget. In order to estimate these fees you must first understand your site utilization plan, and then need to calculate area and duration against the jurisdictions fee schedule. Use the estimate form provided in the Supplemental Information section. A use fee schedule has been provided for the jurisdiction of the project. Make sure to read the fee schedule carefully. 2nd Avenue and Broad Street are considered to be arterials.

Use fees are calculated for all areas you intend to use beyond the property line of the site into the Right of Way of the jurisdiction, including public streets, sidewalks and alleys. They do not include any fees for usage of private property adjacent to the developer's property. Any use of private property would have to be negotiated with the actual land owner of that property.

Once you have completed your Street Use Estimate, load the total into the line item in the Project Overhead and Equipment Section of the General Expenses where indicated for "Street and Sidewalk Use".

Deliverable:

1. Completed Street Use Estimate Form

E. Concrete Estimate

Your company prides themselves on being a builder not a broker, and has a long history of self performing many scopes of work, including concrete work. Although the plans and outline specification are at a schematic design stage, there is sufficient information to prepare a detailed concrete estimate for the project. Your estimate for concrete should include:

- Foundations
- Slab-on-grade
- Foundation walls below grade- 1 sided
- Columns
- Core Walls
- Shear Walls
- Supported slabs/Elevated decks.

For each category above, provide costs for forming, placing, finishing, curing, grinding and patching, as applicable. All excavation, spoils removal, reinforcing steel, post tensioned cables, stud rails, under slab rock and vapor barrier, and site concrete shall be subcontracted and therefore not included in your estimate.

A Concrete Estimate form has been provided for your use in the Supplemental Information Section. Quantities for the foundation system (spread footings, continuous footings, matt footings have been provided since footings are not indicated on the drawings provided. The first couple of line items have been fully completed for your reference. For the balance, you must apply the proper crew rate, productivity and material pricing against the quantities provided. Do not change any quantities, or other lump sum totals provided in the spreadsheet. The balance of the concrete elements described in the first paragraph are to be added to Concrete Estimate form by your team from your own quantity takeoffs. As always, ensure that the formulas are correct and that the totals check.

Utilize the labor crew rates for the selected category of work. These rates are fully burdened, and do not include profit markup. Use the concrete supply quote for pricing the concrete material for each strength required by the documents. Make sure to read the entire quote to derive the proper yardage price for each type of concrete. Also included is a concrete pumping quote for your use.

Use the historic concrete productivity data to apply against your quantities and the wage rates provided to arrive at your total labor for each item. Choose the most appropriate category for each item. The productivity rates have been provided by your company's Chief Estimator and should not be changed.

Review with your team and recommend a fee structure for self performed work to be included in your concrete estimate and include within your concrete estimate. Insert your required self performed fee at location provided at the bottom on the Concrete Pricing sheet. Supervision and Overhead related to the concrete work, including the cranes, have been included at the bottom of

the Concrete Estimate. Remember, if this work was subcontracted out, the subcontractor would require profit and overhead.

Deliverable:

1. Completed Concrete Estimate Form

F. Subcontractor Bid Recaps

The team has decided that the electrical scope shall be procured under a design-build methodology. You have received proposals from three electrical firms. You are assigned the task of "recapping" the bids to determine the lowest responsible proposal. In order to arrive at the value of work to be loaded into the Conceptual Estimate Summary you must recap the quotes to determine the most advantageous value to use. The Recap sheet has been created and "check questions" written on them to determine if the subcontractors have the correct scope per the plans and outline specifications. You may find that additional check questions are necessary to define the complete scope or differentiate between the proposals. Feel free to add to the check questions as you deem necessary. Choose your subcontractors carefully to ensure that they will perform the correct scope, staff the project adequately, and that they are financially stable. Although the project is design-build, the Owner will contract directly for design services with the selected subcontractor, so design fees are not to be included in the electrical budget for the project. Additionally, utility company charges will be paid directly by the Owner and temporary power is being covered elsewhere in the estimate.

Once you have arrived at a recapped total for each firm, take the lowest responsive and responsible bid and load that number in the electrical line of the Conceptual Estimate Summary. Utilize the lighting exercise in Section 8 to verify garage lighting count is close to your calculation.

What risks do you see in the electrical quotes? Provide a brief narrative of any concerns.

Deliverables:

- 1. Completed Subcontractor Recap Form
- 2. Narrative of Risks for Electrical Scope of Work

4. Schedule

As part of your review with management, you will be required to present a complete, workable Critical Path Schedule (CPM) to plan the work within the guidelines prescribed below. As this is a preconstruction services problem, we are equally interested in the activities and your thought processes in the preconstruction phase as in the construction phase. The schedule is to convey your teams plan to fully execute the project from cradle to grave.

The following criteria explain the background information and requirements of the CPM schedule you team will present.

1. General Schedule Criteria:

- a. Presentation Criteria:
 - i. Format:
 - At minimum, show Activity ID, Activity Description, Original Duration (OD), Early Start (ES), Early Finish (EF), and Total Float (TF), per activity (see Figure "A" below)
 - 2. Organize and sort Preconstruction activities grouped together with construction activities following.

Figure A: Schedule Activity Example

Activity ID	Activity Description	Orig Dur	Early Start	Early Finish	Total FEB Float 1 18 25
2008 ASC SIL	dent Competition	and the second			
Design					
01010	Contractor Selection/Notice to	1	14FEB08	14FEB08	0 Contra
Permitting ar	id Entitlements				/
01020	MUP Submittal	1	14FEB08	14FEB08	0 MUPS

- ii. Activity Count: 100- 150 activities
- iii. Provide an equal amount of preconstruction and construction activities.
 Include design, permitting and entitlements, easement negotiations, long lead and construction activities
- iv. Show the logic between activities
- v. Clearly show the critical path of the schedule
- vi. Organize activities so they are easy to read, activities are grouped intuitively and the schedule flows well.

b. Contractual Criteria

- 1. Project Start Date for Preconstruction (Notice to Proceed): February 14, 2008
- 2. Preconstruction Period: 10 Months
- 3. Project Duration: 19-20 Months
- 4. Minimum Milestones to be presented on CPM Schedule:

Contract Award Permit Submittal (S)
Design Complete GMP Estimate
Begin Demolition Structure Complete
Finishes Begin C of O Inspections

Final Completion

- Assume the following calendar holidays: May 26, 2008, July 04, 2008, September 01, 2008, November 27-28, December 25, 2008, January 01, 2009, June 01, 2009, July 06, 2009, September 01, 2009, November 26-27, 2009, December 25, 2009, January 01, 2010, May 26, 2010, July 04, 2010, September 01, 2010, November 25-26, 2010, December 25, 2010, January 01, 2011.
- 2. Preconstruction Phase Criteria:
 - a) The Architect and consultants will be 50% complete with the Schematic Design phase on February 14, 2008.

- b) The permitting agency will allow phased permitting for demolition, excavation and shoring, structure and finishes.
- c) Estimates will be required at the completion of each design phase
- d) The project may be contracted under a phased GMP's contract.

3. All other work criteria:

- a) Original durations for the demolition, excavation, shoring and concrete structure shall be derived on a quantitative basis per the worksheet and explanation included in the scheduling section of the Supplemental Information. Use the worksheets to calculate durations based upon quantities that you survey, then divide by a productivity rates that you derive. Examples have been provided. You may use RS Means or other productivity data resources to help.
- b) The remainder of the work will be handled by subcontractors your team will manage.
- c) Scheduling of all work should support the assumption made by the Site Utilization Plans drafted in Section 5 below
- d) Review the plans thoroughly. Ensure that your schedule encompasses as much of the work possible in the limited number of activities your are required to provide.
- e) Your team may begin construction anytime, provided you have your first permit in hand. You may lag activities as you see fit and are reasonable logic assumptions.
- f) The last activity in your schedule should be Contract Completion.

General comments:

- 1. Do not resource load or cost load your schedule
- 2. Remember preconstruction period encompasses all project activities prior to the actual commencement of work in the field.
- 3. When it comes to scheduling, there are no right or wrong answers. Ensure that you team can substantiate and explain all of the assumptions and decisions made in the process of developing your schedule.

Deliverables:

- 1. Preconstruction Schedule
- 2. Completed Scheduling Durations Form

5. Site Logistics

The Downtown Condominium Project is located on a congested urban site, bordered by two major arterials on the South and East sides of the site, and alley to the west with an adjacent 7-story apartment Building and a 4 story apartment building to the North of two separate on-grade parking lots. The site is currently partially occupied by a 4 story office building, with one level below grade. There is an on grade parking lot to the North of the office building dedicated to the office building and within the property line for the project. Just North of the Office Building Parking lot is a privately

owned pay parking lot. The mass excavation of the project extends to the property line in all directions. Dry utilities are located in the alley and wet utility mains are in the street to the East.

There is currently on street parking meters on both arterials generating revenue for the City. Access to the alley must be maintained for Fire Department Access, as well as the Apartment Building Parking Garage entrance at the South end of the Alley. No employee parking of any kind will be allowed on the site.

Site Plan

Use the full size drawing to create your site logistics plan (C2.01). Other drawings may be used if you determine them necessary to fully explain your plan. Your plan can add or omit items from the basic list below, as long as a valid reason is present and that your logic does not violate code requirements or jurisdictional limits. Ensure that the locations of all items listed below are coordinated with future work activities, so they do not impede construction progress. In addition, if your site utilization changes/evolves throughout the project, describe any such changes. Include the following without limiting to:

- Project Office location
- Property lines
- Location of subcontractor offices, dryshacks, etc.
- Locations for temporary fences
- Location of access roads and gates
- Project and required signage
- Location of temp services; Water, Power, etc
- Prefab areas
- Location and boom radius of crane
- Personnel/material hoist location
- Concrete Pumping locations
- Delivery locations for staging and unloading
- Stair towers, if used.
- Emergency evacuation location
- Any other items that your team things should be on the plan

In addition to a graphical plan provide written narrative to further explain the site utilization plan prepared by your team. When site work is to take place, briefly explain any conflicts that might occur with locations of trailers, etc. and completing all of the landscaping and site work. Provide a brief explanation of how these conflicts will be coordinated and resolved. If there are no foreseen conflicts, briefly explain how the site utilization plan was coordinated with the final site work.

Deliverable:

- 1. Site Logistics Plan
- 2. Site Logistics Narrative

6. Area Summary & Analysis

Prepare an Area Summary by building use per the spreadsheet provided in the Supplemental Information Section Tab 6.0. The spreadsheet is partially completed, and you must provide the remaining information to complete the Area Summary. As you may know, contractors calculate building area based upon gross square footage, not net usable. Building pricing must include all square footage so that it may be taken off and priced. Remember; never trust any summary, notes on drawings, information from proformas etc. provided by the Owner or his consultants. You must do the takeoff to validate any quantities provided by others. Developers and architects often work in net saleable/rentable square foot, efficiency ratios, etc. that leave out actual area such as hallways, stairs, elevators, janitors closets, etc. that must be included in a construction estimate. Definitions of areas have been included in the supplemental information section.

Hint; if you complete this takeoff first you may use it in the solution to some other sections in the problem.

Deliverable:

1. Completed Area Analysis Form

7. Mechanical Load Analysis

For this exercise you will need to calculate the anticipated cooling and heating loads for the building, so you can determine the right amount of money to carry in your proposal estimate for the chiller and the boiler. Information received from subcontractors can be very contradicting when it comes to anticipated loads, and because of this pricing may vary widely. It is necessary at times to perform your own calculations for heating and cooling loads so you can determine the right amount of money to include for these components, and to help select the right subcontractor's information to use in the proposal.

Note: Calculations and outcomes from this analysis are not used in any other part of your response to this problem statement.

Deliverable:

Completed Cooling/Heating Form and Sub Selection

8. Electrical Lighting Analysis

For this exercise you will need to calculate the number of light fixtures required to light the parking garage levels in order to verify the quantity of light fixtures proposed by your electrical bidders. You will need to calculate the fixture counts using two different methods. Like mechanical pricing, information received from subcontractors can be very contradicting when it comes to fixture counts, and thus pricing may vary widely. It is necessary at times to perform your own calculations of the correct number of fixtures so you can determine the right amount of money to include, and to help select the right subcontractor's fixture information to use in the proposal.

Problem 1: SF Method - State of Washington Allowed

Using the information given from the State of Washington, fill out the SF method worksheet to determine the allowable wattage for lighting the garage. Using the information provided on the light fixture cut sheets; calculate the number of fixtures required and the cost of the light fixture package.

Problem 2: Zonal Cavity Method – Maintained Foot-candles

This method is a much more scientific method of calculating lighting levels that will maintained using different fixture types .Using the information given, fill out the zonal cavity worksheet to determine number of fixtures required for lighting the garage.

Deliverable:

1. Completed Lighting SF and Zone Worksheets

9. LEED ™ Analysis

The developer has questioned the team about possibly marketing a LEED™ for New Construction project. Based upon information contained within the outline specifications and drawings, make a recommendation as to the possible number of attainable LEED™ points currently available to the project and the associated rating?

In addition, please recommend what LEED™ points could be cost effective and easily achieved by slightly modifying the specifications to attain the next highest rating? We are looking only for a recommendation; do not modify the information to achieve additional points. Utilize the LEED™ scorecard provided in Section X.

Deliverable:

- Completed LEED™ Scorecard
- 2. Narrative

10. Bonus

The developer requests your opinion as the optimum methodology to reduce unit count as follows:

(9ea) 1-Open S-1	(1ea) 1-Open S-12
(1ea) 1-Open S-2	(1ea) 1-Flat S-3
(1ea) 1-Open S-4	(1ea) 1-Flat D-1
(2ea) 1-Open S-5	(1ea) 1-Flat D-2
(1ea) 1-Open S-7	(1ea) 1-Flat D-3
(1ea) 1-Open S-8	(1ea) 2-Flat S-1
(1ea) 1-Open S-9	(1ea) 2-Flat S-5

(1ea) 1-Open S-11

Provide a written narrative with your proposed solution to this request. There are no budget or schedule components necessary in your response to the bonus question.

Deliverable:

1. Narrative

VI. COMPETITION SCORING SYSTEM:

ltem	Description	<u>Points</u>
	Phase 1 RFP Phase I	20
	Phase 2 RFP Phase II	50
	Phase 3 Interview	30

Time Adherence Scoring

- Phase I Submittal
 - \circ (on time = 0, up to 1 min late = -1, up to 10 min late = -2, later = -4)
- Phase II Submittal
 - \circ (on time = 0, up to 1 min late = -2, up to 10 min late = -3, later = -6)
- Phase III Presentation
 - o (on time = 0, up to 1 min late = -1; up to 2 min = -2; 3 = -3; 4 = -4; later = -5)

VII. LIST OF JUDGES:

Stewart Grauer, Construction Manager (425) 454-8020

15405 SE 37th St, Su 200 Bellevue, WA 98006

Seattle District

Jim Pittman, Project Manager (425) 454-8020

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VIII. COMPETITION RULES:

The rules for the competition are designed to provide each team with an equal opportunity to apply their knowledge in developing their respective solutions and an equal opportunity to present their problem solutions to the judges. The following rules apply to the National Preconstruction Services Problem and supplement the ASC Competition Rules:

- 1. While the competition is in progress, only the six students identified as being team members shall be present in the teams' room. Faculty advisors may not interface with their team once the competition has begun.
- 2. Six (6) copies of the proposal must be turned in at the prescribed time. Proposals will not be returned to the teams. If you require some of the material in your proposal for your oral presentation, please make the appropriate copies prior to your submission of the written problem for your use.
- 3. The number of computers per team and use of the internet is to be as outlined in the ASC Competition Rules.
- 4. Once the presentations begin, only the teams who have presented their solutions may be present at the presentations of subsequent teams. This will mean that the first team up gets to see them all, while the last team does not get to see any of the others. The purpose of this rule is to prevent those participating in later sessions from gaining an advantage as to the contents of previous sessions.
- 5. Presentation materials for all teams are to be turned in to the judges prior to the first interview, by 8:30 AM on Friday, February 15th. No other presentation material will be allowed into the presentation that is not turned into the judges by this time. NO EXCEPTIONS.
- 6. All decisions of the judges are final.
- 7. The problem presented is an actual project under construction. To avoid any conflict of interest or unfair advantage, any student who may have potentially worked on the project in any way shall identify themselves to PCL immediately. This issue will be reviewed, and if appropriate we may request that an alternate be assigned to the project. PCL shall make the final decision as to equity in such a case.
- 8. Points will be deducted if proposals are submitted later per the Scoring System noted in Section VI. Written proposals will be due as indicted in Section I. The turn in location will be announced at the commencement of the competition. Other deliverables will be as noted elsewhere in the Problem Statement.
- 9. No phone calls, emails, or communication of any kind shall be made to the Owner, Architect, Engineer or design consultants that may be listed in the documents provided for this competition. They are aware that no team is to contact them and have been notified to contact the judges is any contact occurs. Contact with the any of the above shall disqualify team from the competition.
- 10. Do not submit any extraneous materials with your written proposal, including company profiles, marketing materials etc. Please limit your response to the information requested. Be brief, clear and concise.
- 11. Any information concerning the size and scope and timelines provided in previous correspondence has been superseded by the information provided in the written problem statement and is not to be used in response to Phase 2.

12. Last and most important rule: Have fun, learn, and develop new relationships.

Violation of any of these rules will be grounds for disqualification from the competition

IX. COMPETITION EVALUATION FORM:

Please complete the evaluation form included in the Supplemental Information section Tab IX. Your feedback is important to our team as we strive to continually improve the problem in years to come. Please be honest and forthright with your responses.

Please complete one questionnaire per team and turn it in at the problem debrief. This form will be your admission ticket to the Debrief and Answer Session.

X. SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

<u>Descri</u>	<u>otion</u>	Electronic Form on Disk
0.0	RFI Form	X
2.0	Executive Summary Exercise	
3A.0	Conceptual Estimate Summary Form	X
3b.1	Preconstruction Estimate Form Preconstruction Billing Rates Preconstruction Description of Work	X
3c.1	Staff Estimate Form Project Overhead & Equip Estimate Form Staff Billing Rate Schedule Equipment Rental Rates	X X
3.d.1	Street Use Estimate Form Street Use Fee Schedule	X
3.e.1	Concrete Pricing Form Concrete Work Productivities Other Pricing Data Concrete Material Quote	X
3.f.1	Electrical Recap Card Electrical Bids (3ea)	X
4.0	Scheduling Durations Form Scheduling Information	X
6.0	Area Summary Form Gross Building Area Definitions	X
7.0	Mechanical Loads Narrative Mechanical Estimating Exercise Forms	х
8.0	Electrical Loads Narrative Load Calc Forms- SF Method & Zonal Cavity Method	X
9.0	LEED Scorecard	X
IX.	Evaluation Form	



PCL Construction Services, Inc.

REQUEST F	OR INFO	ORMATION			PCL RFI #:	XXXX
Downtown Cor				Su	ocontractor RFI#:	
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Executive Summary Exercise

Exercise Narrative:

"hot buttons" and should address how you will make sure those "hot buttons" are addressed. competition. It should key in on what you have learned from your research of the Owner's and why they should choose you over others for their project. It is an important sales tool. fashion, the key benefits and features you want an Owner to know about your Company, An Executive Summary is an important part of your proposal. It identifies, in a summary Your response to a Request for Proposal should always include an Executive Summary. It let's you be creative and points out your most important differentiators from your

Executive Summary Exercise

Exercise Process:

proposal. Insert the Summary in Section 2 of the Phase II proposal book and include the Based on the information given in this handout, create an Executive Summary for your following:

■ 1st Page — Include a key message, some of your differentiators, and a simple theme statement

■ 2nd Page – Include a theme statement and the key

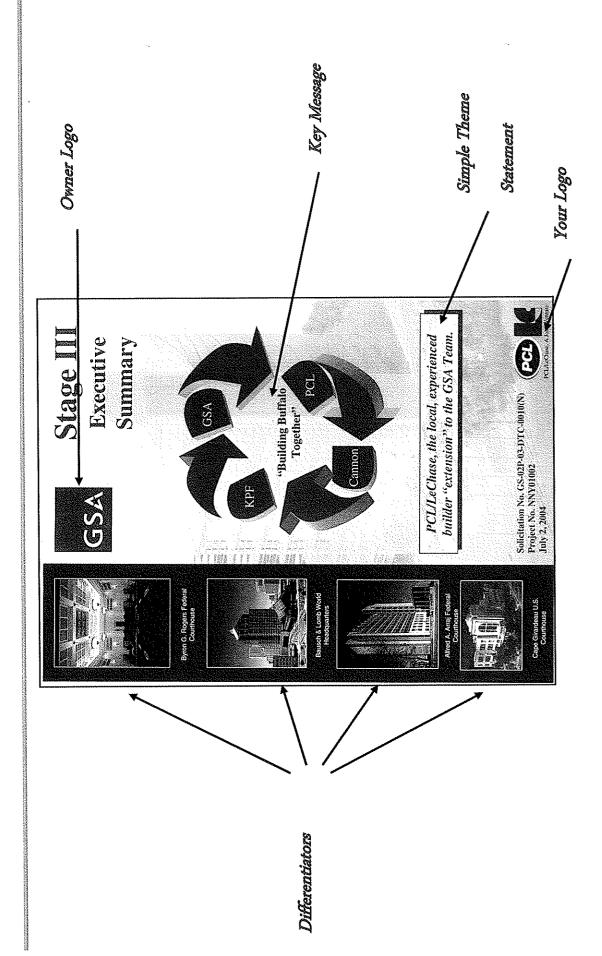
should choose you, and not your

competition

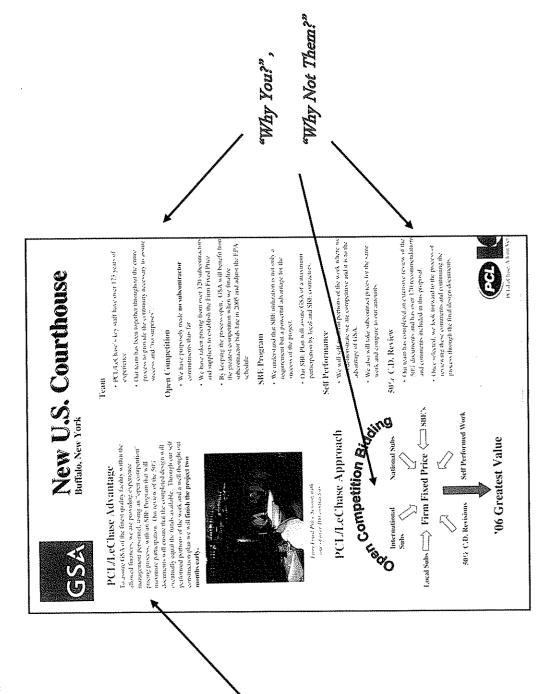
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Be creative.

Executive Summary Components (1st Page)



Executive Summary Components (2nd Page)



Theme Statement

PCL Construction Services, Inc Seattle Office

Conceptual Estimate Summary

Owner: DCP, LLC Project: Downtown Condominium Project

Location: Seattle, WA Designer: Mithun Area: 303,690 SF

Description	UoM Unit Price	Total Cost	Remarks
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HEAD & EQUIP	1.0 LS		Provide from Project Overhead Estimate
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Fee	0 %		0 Provide Fee required by your Firm.
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Downtown Condominium Project Seattle, WA

PRECONSTRUCTION ESTIMATE

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PRECONSTRUCTION ESTIMATE

PCL Construction Services, Inc. Downtown Condo Project Preconstruction Billing Rates

DESCRIPTION	TOTAL HOURLY RATE
	lo Foo
OFFICER IN CHARGE	In Fee
PRECON. MANAGER	\$110.00
CONST. MANAGER	\$ 105.00
CHIEF ESTIMATOR	\$ 95.00
SR. ESTIMATOR	\$ 85.00
ESTIMATOR	\$ 65.00
PROJECT SUPT.	\$ 90.00
PROJECT MANAGER	\$ 85.00
PROJECT ENGINEER	\$ 60.00
OFFICE / ADMIN.	\$ 45.00

NOTES & CLARIFICATIONS

- 1. Liability, B&O and City Taxes are included.
- 2. Cell phones and computer equipment included.
- 3. Other Overhead costs are included in FEE for preconstruction costs

EXHIBIT A

Description of Work

Pre-construction services to be provided by Consultant include, but are not limited to, design assistance, cost estimating, value engineering, scheduling, construction phasing, constructability review, weekly or bi-weekly design review meetings with the Owner, input from key subcontractors as to building systems, and means & methods of construction. More specifically, Consultant will:

- 1. Investigate existing property conditions.
- 2. Participate in meetings with public agencies and utilities, and assist in preparation of compliance documents with Architect and other consultants as requested.
- 3. Provide scheduling and estimating services:
 - a. Prepare conceptual estimates from preliminary plans based on historical costs adjusted to location and time. Estimates will be reviewed by the project team, modified as required and developed into a mutually agreeable budget itemized into cost systems for each component.
 - b. Prepare preliminary estimates for each phase of the work as information becomes available. The control budget will be revised and updated accordingly.
 - c. Provide value engineering input by reviewing conceptual and working drawings during their preparation focusing on construction methods and details. Cost analyses of design options will be carried out and recommendations made for alternatives to be included in the bid packages.
 - d. Evaluate market conditions and schedule bid calls to obtain the most competitive prices commensurate with overall project scheduling.
 - e. Prepare cash flow projections and update regularly.
 - f. Prepare a preliminary schedule following initial review of the project. This schedule will contain activities integrating the whole team to include entitlements, permits, approvals, design development, bid packages and construction. This will be provided for Owner's approval in conjunction with the preliminary drawings and conceptual estimate.
 - g. Update and revise the approved master schedule as necessary to coordinate the ongoing activities of all members of the project team.
 - h. Monitor progress on both design and other preconstruction activities with regular reports indicating the responsibility for any corrective action.
 - i. Provide input as required to Owner's entitlement process which is anticipated to conclude in TBD.
- 4. Provide constructability review of the bid documents. This review will verify and help identify any problems in the following areas:
 - a. Reasonableness of work sequence, interface relationships, and periods of performance.
 - b. Adequacy of lead times for material and equipment procurement.
 - c. Accuracy of job-site description and depiction of conditions.
 - d. Degree of site restrictions and adequacy of access, work areas and disposal sites.

- e. Availability of utility connections for construction.
- Consideration of the impact of adverse weather on the CPM schedule and milestone operations.
- g. Impact upon and plans for pedestrian and vehicular traffic and ongoing operations.
- 5. Work with Owner to develop a Site Plan that will provide logistics guidelines. The Site Plan will include:
 - a. Location of temporary buildings, lunchrooms, etc.
 - b. Location of temporary gas lines and power services.
 - c. Assist entitlement team in utility company negotiations with respect to permanent utility relocations.
 - d. Material storage areas.
 - e. Access roads and gates.
 - Temporary fencing and gates.
 - g. Location and boom radius of crane, personnel, personnel/material hoist, saws, concrete pumps, and all other construction equipment.
 - Delivery and unloading areas (concrete, precast, rebar, structural steel, etc.) including traffic flow.
 - Prefab and precasting areas (if required).
 - j. Subcontractors' offices and storage areas.
 - Other consultant's office, testing labs, etc.
 - Footprint of the building, existing street, overhead lines, fire hydrant, vaults, traffic signals, bus stops, other buildings, utilities (e.g. gas, water, sewer) and items to be protected (e.g. trees).
 - m. Worker access gates.
 - n. Worker parking during construction.
 - Safety/first aid locations including emergency meeting place and safety bulletin board.
 - p. Hazardous Storage i.e. gasoline, oxygen, acetylene, PCB's, paint, etc.
 - q. Outline of excavation/shoring.
 - r. Property lines.
 - Special Conditions (phased areas, prohibited areas, environmental issues, dewatering, etc).
 - t. Emergency shutoffs.

Downtown Condominium Project Seattle, WA

PROJECT STAFF

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PROJECT STAFF

Downtown Condominium Project Seattle, WA

PROJECT OVERHEAD

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PROJECT OVERHEAD

PCL Construction Services, Inc. Downtown Condo Project Construction Billing Rates

ACCOUNT AND ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT AND ASSESSMENT AS	TOTAL
DESCRIPTION	HOURLY
	RATE
OFFICER IN CHARGE	In Fee
PRECON. MANAGER -	In Fee
CONST. MANAGER	In Fee
CHIEF ESTIMATOR	In Fee
SR. ESTIMATOR -	\$ 75.00
ESTIMATOR -	\$ 55.00
PROJECT SUPT	\$ 82.00
ASSIST. SUPT	\$ 55.00
PROJECT MANAGER -	\$ 75.00
PROJECT ENGINEER -	\$ 52.00
OFFICE / ADMIN. / Accountant	\$ 45.00
SAFETY COORDINATOR	\$ 50.00
QUALITY CONTROL SUPERVISOR	\$ 50.00

NOTES & CLARIFICATIONS

- 1.) Rates are fully burdened.
- 2.) Liability, B&O and City Taxes are not included.

Equipment Rental Rates - Downtown Condominium Project

Equipment Description	Month	Hrly Rate
01A Air Compressor		
(A1B) Diesel 150 - 190 CFM	\$800.00	\$4.62
(A1C) Diesel 200 CFM	\$1,125.00	\$6.50
(A1L) Electric 150-225 CFM	\$1,150.00	\$6.65
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06B Buggy - Concrete Powered	#700.00	ሰላ ዕ ር
(BGA) 10CF Powered	\$700.00	\$4.05
07B Buckets - Concrete/Trash		
(B7A) Concrete 1 to 1 1/2 Yard	\$350.00	\$2.02
(B7B) Concrete 1-3/4 to 3 Yard	\$575.00	\$3.32
(B7D) Trash 4 Yard	\$475.00	\$2.75
(B7E) Refuse Hopper 2 Yard	\$250.00	\$1.45
01C Compactors		
(C1A) BW75 Roller	\$1,050.00	\$6.07
(C1C) BW90 Roller/BP50 Reversing Plate	\$1,000.00	\$5.78
01F Finishers Concrete Trowels		
Double Blade Ride-On	\$2,200.00	\$12.72
Double Blade Ride-On Diesel	\$3,500.00	\$20.23
Double blade ride-Oil plesel	φο,οσο.σο	Ψ
04F Forklifts	40,000,000	800.04
(F4A) RT Telescoping 10,000 LBS	\$3,600.00	\$20.81
(F4A) RT Telescoping 8,000 LBS	\$2,800.00	\$16.18
(F4A) RT Telescoping 6,000 LBS	\$2,100.00	\$12.14
01H Hoists - Tugger/Chain		
(H1F) Electric 15,000 lb Chain	\$900.00	\$5.20
01J Office Equipment		
Ricoh 2075 Copier/Printer/Scanner	\$1,100.00	\$6.36
Canon 3175 Laser Fax Machines (Large)	\$175.00	\$1.01
Cannon L3175 Laser Fax Machine (Med)	\$125.00	\$0.72
Cannon L9000 Laser Fax	\$160.00	\$0.92
Ricoh 1075 Copier/Printer/Scanner	\$1,000.00	\$5.78
02J Computer Equipment		
External Modem	\$35.00	\$0.20
HP Plotter	\$400.00	\$2.31
Wireless Lan Bridge	\$284.00	\$1.64
4-Port KVM Switch	\$19.00	\$0.11
UPS	\$30.00	\$0.17
Cisco Router	\$120.00	\$0.69
	\$400.00	\$2.31
File Server (Lg.) AutoCad Workstation	\$125.00	\$0.72

Equipment Description	Month	Hrly Rate
11" x17" Epson 1640 Color Scanner	\$175.00	\$1.01
Notebook	\$225.00	\$1.30
Lexmark T520 Printer	\$82.00	\$0.47
Tape Backup External	\$46.00	\$0.27
Firewall	\$55.00	\$0.32
File Server (Small)	\$175.00	\$1.01
3-Comm Firewall	\$30.00	\$0.17
3COM Dual Speed HUB 16 ports	\$20.00	\$0.12
Lexmark X522 MF Printer	\$248.00	\$1.43
Color Laser Printer Legal/Letter	\$296.00	\$1.71
Epson Wide Format Inkjet	\$49.00	\$0.28
Color Laser Printer 11 x 17	\$424.00	\$2.45
RAS Server	\$48.00	\$0.28
Desktop Pentium Workstation	\$150.00	\$0.87
Lexmark Wide Format Printer (810)	\$150.00	\$0.87
Tape Drive	\$175.00	\$1.01
8.5 x 11 HP Scan Jet 6300C	\$40.00	\$0.23
M/F Printer Lexmark X520 MFP	\$135.00	\$0.78
20" LCD Monitors	\$45.00	\$0.26
LO LOS MONACIO		
02L Generators		
(L2D) Generator - 15 KW Diesel	\$900.00	\$5.20
(L2F) Generator - 30 KW Diesel	\$925.00	\$5.35
(L2G) Generator 50 KW Diesel	\$1,600.00	\$9.25
(L2I) Generator - 75 KW Diesel	\$1,700.00	\$9.83
03L Light Towers		
(L3A) Portable 5-10 KW	\$1,000.00	\$5.78
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06L Loaders - Skid Steer		
(L6A) Bobcat 753 (1300 #)	\$1,500.00	\$8.67
(L6B) Bobcat 853 / 863 (1700 # to 1900 #)	\$2,000.00	\$11.56
01M Mixers - Concrete		
(M1D) 6/9 CF Gas	\$587.00	\$3.39
02M Mixers Motar		
(M2B) 8 CF Gas & Electric Tilt	\$587.00	\$3.39
01P Pumps - Water & Asphalt		
(P1L) Sub 3" Electric	\$568.00	\$3.28
(P1H) Trash 4" Diesel	\$689.00	\$3.98
(P1I) Trash 6" Diesel	\$1,277.00	\$7.38
01R Radio Equipment		
(R1A) Hand Held GP350, H7750	\$100.00	\$0.58
(R1B) Base Station	\$245.00	\$1.42
(R1C) Single Chargers	\$15.00	\$0.09
(R1E) Repeaters	\$900.00	\$5.20

		Prir
Equipment Description	Month	Hrly Rate
(R1F) 6 Bank Chargers	\$65.00	\$0.38
05R Phone Systems	4000.00	
(R5Q) - Norstar Jobsite - 16 sets	\$800.00	\$4.62
(R5E) - Norstar Jobsite - 40 sets	\$880.00	\$5.09
(R5U) - McKee (16) Station Intercom	\$1,500.00	\$8.67
(R5V) - McKeen (8) Station Intercom	\$700.00	\$4.05
(REQ) - Norstar Jobsite - 8 sets	\$600.00	\$3.47
01S Saws		
(S1A) 3 to 7.5 HP - Radial Arm	\$525.00	\$3.03
(S1C) Concrete Saw 18 HP, 16"	\$650.00	\$3.76
(S1D) Concrete Saw 35 HP, 18"	\$850.00	\$4.91
(S1F) Concrete Saw 50 HP, 48"	\$1,100.00	\$6.36
04S Survey Equipment		
(S4A) - Level, Auto (NAO, NAK, AE3) (26x - 20x)	\$150.00	\$0.87
(S4B) - Level, Engineer (AE5, NA3, NA2) (40x - 28x)	\$200.00	\$1.16
(S4C) - Transit (T05, NT2, TL20) (11"-20")	\$375.00	\$2.17
(S4D) - Transit (T1, T16, NT4D) (6"-10")	\$375.00	\$2.17
(S4E) - Transit (T2, NT5A, T1000) (1"-5")	\$450.00	\$2.60
(S4G) - Laser Spectra Physics	\$400.00	\$2.31
(S4I) - Transit (T56, 160D, DT20)	\$350.00	\$2.02
(S4J) - Level Electronic (EL1) Laser	\$400.00	\$2.31
(S4L) - Laser Level LB1 (Grade Control)	\$600.00	\$3.47
(S4S) - Total Station - Nikon DTM - 520	\$800.00	\$4.62
(S4T) - Total Station - Nikon DTM	\$800.00	\$4.62
(S4U) - Data Recorder	\$400.00	\$2.31
(040) - Data ricoordor		*
05T Trailers		
(TEC) - 8 x 40 Container	\$165.00	\$0.95
(T5A) - 8 x 20 Container	\$150.00	\$0.87
(T5B) - 20 to 30 FT Office Trailer	\$250.00	\$1.45
(T5C) - 31 to 40 FT Office Trailer	\$250.00	\$1.45
(T5D) - 41 to 52FT Office Trailer	\$375.00	\$2.17
(TEE) - 8 x 10 Container	\$125.00	\$0.72
(T5I) - 53 to 60 FT Office Trailer	\$400.00	\$2.31
01V Trucks Light		
(V1A) - 1/2 & 3/4 Ton Regular Cab Gas 4x2	\$1,100.00	\$6.36
(V1B) - 1/2 & 3/4 Ton Regular Cab Gas 4x4	\$1,125.00	\$6.50
(V1D) - 1 Ton Crew Cab Gas 4x4	\$1,200.00	\$6.94
(V1E) - 1/2 & 3/4 Ton Extended Cab Gas	\$1,100.00	\$6.36
(V1F) - 1/2 & 3/4 Ton Van, Delivery	\$1,100.00	\$6.36
(V1G) - 1/2 & 3/4 Ton Van 12 plus Passenger	\$1,200.00	\$6.94
(V1H) - 1/2 Extra Cab 4 x 4, Gas	\$1,400.00	\$8.09
(V1J) - Sport Utility Vehicle	\$1,600.00	\$9.25
(V1M) - 1/2 & 3/4 Ton Regular Gas Diesel	\$1,400.00	\$8.09
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	

Month	Hrly Rate
\$4,500.00	\$26.01
	\$8.09
\$1,900.00	\$10.98
\$775.00	\$4.48
00.002	\$3.47
	\$4.19
ψ1 ZJ.00	Ψ1.10
\$275.00	\$1.59
\$375.00	\$2.17
\$360.00	\$2.08
	\$3.18
	\$1.45
	\$1.16
	\$0.84
	\$0.52
	\$2.46
	\$2.89
	\$3.35
	\$1.62
	\$2.02
	\$2.22
	\$2.89
	\$1.97
	\$1.07
	\$1.45
	\$1.84
	\$1.30
	\$1.16
	\$1.16
	\$1.16
	\$1.16
	\$1.16
	I
	\$4,500.00 \$1,400.00 \$1,900.00 \$775.00 \$600.00 \$725.00 \$275.00 \$375.00

Equipment Description	Month	Hrly Rate
(SR) - Compound Mitre Saw 12"	\$325.00	\$1.88
(T) - 500 to 1000 gal Tank	\$125.00	\$0.72
(TBR) - Knack Portable Workstation, Flammable Cabinet	\$125.00	\$0.72
(UJB) - B Box - 100amp 3 phase	\$150.00	\$0.87
(UMP) - 200 AMP Panel	\$285.00	\$1.65
(UP) - Spider Box - 50 AMP, 1 Phase	\$120.00	\$0.69
(UP) - C Panel 60 amp 3 phase	\$250.00	\$1.45
(V) - Concrete Vibrator to 2" x 16'	\$250.00	\$1.45
(V) - Concrete Vibrator Hi Cycle	\$500.00	
(V) - Concrete Vibrator Gas	\$340.00	\$1.97
(W) - 250 AMP Electric Welder	\$250.00	\$1.45
(WF) - Farm Wagon	\$185.00	\$1.07
(WF) - Tank Wagon	\$365.00	\$2.11
Site Fencing (Cost per Month/LF)	\$0.20	n/a
(WX) - Cutting Torch Outfit	\$350.00	\$2.02

Downtown Condominium Project Sidewalk and Street Use Permits

 2nd Avenue Street
 \$0

 Alley
 \$0

 Broad St.
 \$0

 Unknown
 \$0

 Total Estimate
 \$0

2nd Avenue Street (Arterial) Lane Closure

Alley (non Arterial)

		Date	Length	Width Cost/sf	Cost/30 dys
Month	1		1		\$0
Month	2				\$0
Month	3				\$0
Month	4				\$0
Month	5				\$0
Month	6				\$0
Month	7				\$0
Month	8				\$0
Month	9				\$0
Month	10				\$0
Month	11				\$0
Month	12				\$0
Month	13				\$0
Month	14				\$0
Month	15			ļ <u> </u>	\$0
Month	16				\$0
Month	17				\$0
Month	18		_		\$0
Month	19				\$0
Month	20				\$0

2nd Avenue \$0

2nd Avenue Sidewalk (Arterial)

Length Width Cost/sf Cost/30 dys

Month	1		\$0
Month	2		\$0
Month	3		\$0
Month	4		\$0
Month	5		\$0
Month	6		\$0
Month	7		\$0
Month	8		\$0
Month	9		\$0
Month	10		\$0
Month	11		\$0
		 	¢n

Length Width Cost/sf Cost/30 dys Month \$0 Month 2 \$0 Month 3 4 \$0 Month \$0 Month 5 \$0 Month 6 Month 7 \$0 Month 8 \$0 \$0 Month 9 Month 10 \$0 \$0 \$0 Month 11 Month 12 Month \$0 \$0 13 Month 14

Broad St. (Arterial) Lane Closure

Month	1		\$0
Month	2		\$0
Month	3		\$0
Month	4		\$0
Month	5		\$0
Month	6		\$C
Month	7		\$0
Month	8		\$0
Month	9		\$0
Month	10		\$0
Month	11		\$0
Month	12		\$0
Month	13		\$0
Month	14		\$0
Month	15		\$0
Month	16		\$(
Month	17		\$0
Month	18		\$(
Month	19		\$0
Month	20		\$(
Month	21		\$(
Month	22		\$(
		Broad St.	\$(

SidewalkClosure- Broad (Arterial)

		Date	Length	Width	Cost/sf	Cost/30 dys	
Month	1						\$0
Month	2						\$0
Month	3						\$0
Month	4						\$0
Month	5						\$0
Month	6						\$0
							\$0

Note: Modify this worksheet as necessary to respond to this section.

Activities that use	natuse the public Right-of-Way and that block mobility	olock mobility			
n contana	- 3		Franchise and	**************************************	
		Base Permit	Utility Map	Occupation Fee	Use Fee
Use Code	Use Description	Fee	Surcharge	(Long lerm)	(Snor ierm)
3A	street barricading for temporary private use (e.g.:	\$101	\$30	N/A	ON NON-ARTERIAL
	grand openings, rallies)				mo 1=no fee,
13	temporary placement of materials not for				mo4&5=\$.10/si/10d
	construction, and for bus staging				mo6&7=\$,40/sf/10d
<u>.</u>	installation of public art	**************************************			mo8&9=\$.80/sf/10d
					mo10+=\$1.20/sf/10d
23	shoring and excavation				in mo 10+ up to \$.20/sf/10day credit for
31	construction use				mobility mitigation
0.50	single family construction/dabris dimpster				mo1=\$.10/sf/10d
<u>a</u>					mo2=\$.20/sf/10d
310	low income housing construction				mo3=\$.40/sf/10d
					mo5=\$1.20/2f/10d
	roadway paving				in mo5+ up to
41	bus shelter installation				#.Zowsir rod clear rod mobility mitigation
44	mobile crane, manlift, boom truck, pump truck, etc				
46	waterproofing or similar surfacing of concrete walks over areaways				
64	street opening for miscellaneous purposes				
90	scaffold, swing staging, scissor lift				
45	commercial or multi-use construction street improvement [public improvements by private development]	\$2500 per application			
45A	single family residential construction street improvement [public improvements by private development]	\$1250 per application		And the state of t	

Utility activities tha	ities that use the public Right-of-Way and that block mobility	d that block m	obility		
inan fama			Franchise and		
		Base Permit	Utility Map	Occupation Fee	Use Fee
Use Code	Use Description	Fee	Surcharge	(Long Term)	(Short Term)
51	Hility system construction	\$101	\$30	NA	ON NON-ARTERIAL
5					mo 1=no fee,
51A	utility main line or inserts				mo2&3=\$,10/sf/10d
					mo4&5=\$.20/st/10d mo6&7=\$.40/st/10d
5. B	utility poles (less than 500 51B uses per year based				mo8&9=\$.80/sf/10d
	on prior year volumes)				mo10+=\$1,20/sf/10d
51C	utility aerials				in mo 10+ up to
	A 1 17				\$.20/sf/10day credit for
510	utility service connections and repairs =2" diameter (less				mobility mitigation
	(nan 500 3 ID uses per year paseu on pilor year vountes)				ON ARTERIAL
51E	utility maintenance (including vault replacements				mo1=\$.10/sf/10d
	and pole bases)		•		mo2=\$.20/sf/10d
516	utility service conduit by private party		**************************************		mo3=\$.40/st/10d mo4=\$.80/st/10d
	Anna a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a				mo5=\$1 20/2f/10d
21H	utility poles (more than 500 51H uses per year				in mo5+ up to
	based on prior year volumes)				\$.20/sf/10d credit for
511	utility service connections and repairs ≃2" diameter				mobility mitigation
	(more than 500 511 uses per year based on prior				,
	year volumes)				
51F	use of right-of-way for staging, curb crossing or				None
	excavation related to side sewer work				

Activities that use	at use the public Right-of-Way that involve little to no mobility blockage	lve little to no	mobility block	age	
Use Code		Base Permit Fee	Franchise and Utility Map Surcharge	Occupation Fee (Long Term)	Use Fee (Short Term)
23	comices, architectural features	\$101	\$30	N/A	None
25	driveways				
26	concrete driveways "Curb Cut"				
28	water service lines less than 2" in diameter				
29	fences and non-structural walls				
34	grade and rock (temporary)			-	
35	clear and grub street and alley				
37	new sidewalk with existing curb				
38	surfacing planting strip or shoulder, including required landscaping				
43	tree removal when blocking street				
47	cross curb and sidewalk with equipment				
52A	pole banners [up to four blocks per permit]				
54A	miscellaneous private temporary uses up to 4 hours				

Activities that hav	nat have value to the general citizenry				
		Base Permit	Franchise and Utility Map	Occupation Fee	Use Fee (Short Term)
Use Code	Use Description	aau	Suicilaige	(FORG) (BILLI)	(112)
-	beautification	None	None	None	None
1A	tree pruning, planting, and removal and other plantings				
5A	clocks in public Historic Landmark places				
54	miscellaneous uses for use of public per SMC 15.04.100				
55	sidewalk repair (less than 100 sq. ft.)				
55A	sidewalk repairs (100 sq. ft. or greater)	\$101			
Miscellaneous	Shc				***************************************
		Base Permit	Franchise and Utility Map	Occupation Fee	Use Fee
Use Code	Use Description	Fee	Surcharge	(Long Term)	(Short Term)
57	impound fee	\$97 per occurrence	None	N/A	N/A
28	sign removal	\$78 per sign or poster			
29	mobility impact surcharge	\$360			

Exhibit A - Street Use Fee Schedule Effective January 1, 2007

בנוגווים ני	Activities that coom or of more and	1			
Use Code	Use Description	Base Permit Fee	Franchise and Utility Map Surcharge	Occupation Fee (Long Term)	Use Fee (Short Term)
2	small directional signs	\$101 (first year); \$97 (subsequent	\$30 (first year)	None	N/A
28	portable signs (i.e.: sandwich board signs, "A" frames, etc.)	years)		_	
3	street barricading for private use				
5	clocks				
9	signs, flags, etc. extending over ROW				
78	ramp primary access over underwater street				
œ	ventilating ducts				
6	underground vaults	I			
14	miscellaneous renewable uses				
14A	vending carts				
148	tables and chairs [max 4]	1			
16A	inactive areaways prior to January 1, 1995				
17	sidewalk elevator doors				
21A	non-public utilities				
218	underground storage tanks			-	
27A	stanchions	1			
29A	structural retaining walls/rockeries	1			
33	contractors' trucks/equipment per vehicle				
48	building maintenance over ROW [per bldg]	*****			
52	street decorations				

Long term	Long term uses of the Right-of-Way				
Use Code	Use Code Use Description	Base Permit Fee	Franchise and Utility Map Surcharge	Occupation Fee (Long Term)	Use Fee (Short Term)
61	term uses for long-term street level occupations (structures in right-of-way)		Fees det	Fees determined by ordinance	
61A	term uses for skybridges or bridges over right-of- way				
61B	term uses for tunnels under right-of-way				
610	term uses for pipelines in right-of-way	,			
610	other term uses in right-of-way (including utility franchises)				

Occupation	Occupation of Right-of-Way street				
Use Code	Use Description	Base Permit Fee	Franchise and Utility Map Surcharge	Occupation Fee (Long Term)	Use Fee (Short Term)
2A	fixed ground signs	\$101 (first year); \$97 (subsequent	\$30 (first year)	\$590/yr	N/A
21	underground storage in street	years)			
7	structures and overhangs			\$.51/sf/yr	
12	material storage				
16	areaways existing prior to January 1, 1995				
18	sidewalk cafes			\$1.56/sf/yr	
18A	merchandise on sidewalks				
228	shoring unremoved (must be removed to a point 4 ft below finished grade)			\$1011/pile	
27	awnings, marquees and canopies [plus 27A if stanchions]	\$101		\$.51/sf	

Occupation	Occupation of underwater street				
Taxanian and the state of the s		Base Permit	Franchise and Utility Map	Occupation Fee	Use Fee
Use Code	Use Description	Fee	Surcharge	(Long Term)	(Short Term)
A7	structures and overhangs in underwater streets	\$101 (first year); \$97 (subsequent	\$30 (first year)	\$0.14/sf/mo	N/A
12A	moorage not covered elsewhere	years)			
WW100	installations and overhangs in state waterways				
WW200	moorage in state waterways		***************************************		
WW250	temporary moorage or other uses of state waterways				
WW150	non-profit organizations water safety for youth			None	
Per ordinar	Per ordinance or council action				
			Franchise and		
		Base Permit	Utility Map	Occupation Fee	Use Fee
Use Code	Use Description	Fee	Surcharge	(Long Term)	(Short Term)
-	shoreline street ends [land portion]		Fees dete	Fees determined by ordinance	
14C	1st amendment vending	\$40	None	\$35/mo	None
140	stadium vending [April - September]	None	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$121.50/mo	
14E	stadium vending [October - March]	None		\$18/mo	
168	areaways built after January 1, 1995		Fees ba	Fees based upon appraisal	
,					

Exhibit A - Street Use Fee Schedule Effective January 1, 2007

STREET USE PERMIT FEE SCHEDULE Effective January 1, 2007

Other Fees and Charges

\$150	\$300	\$375	Amount determined based on services requested
Hourly Charge for Street Use service including but not limited to: review, investigation, inspection, drafting, design guidance, document preparation and other activities related to the administration of the permit	Penalty Fee (No Job Start Call, No Permit)	Pre-Submittal Consultation Fee	A Deposit may be required

Downtown Condominium Project Seattle, WA

CONC. PRICING

SPECIPROD	FEM	MH	QTY		UNIT	MATERIAL	UNIT	EQUIP/SUB	CREW RATE	PROD		TOTAL
SERVINOR	FOUNDATIONS					0		0			0	0
1	FORM STRIP FOOTINGS	272	1,360	SF	1.50	2,040		0	51,66	0.20	14,052	16,092
1	PLACE CONCRETE	56	159	CY	85	13,515		0	46.11	0.35	2,566	16,081
3	PUMP	0	159	CY		0	15.00	2,385			0	2,385
]	. 000					0		0			0	0
	FORM PAD FOOTINGS	0	5952	SF		0		0	·		0	0
1	PLACE PAD FOOTINGS	0	463	CY		0		0			0	0
1 1	PUMP	0	463	ſ]	0		0			0	0
	L Closs					0		0	1	İ	0	0
	FORM SPREAD FOOTINGS	0	224	SF		0		0		ļ	0	0
	PLACE SPREAD FOOTINGS	0	17	CY		0		0	i		0	0
1 3	PUMP	ا ا	17	CY	İ	0		0			0	0
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	FORM RAFT SLAB	۰ ا	1904	SF		0		0			0	0
	PLACE RAFT SLAB CONC.	0	705	CY	İ	0		0			0	0
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	Temporary Rails @ Perimeter	1	,	LS	1	Ö	1				0	958,668
	Tower Crane Estimate		1	LS	1	, o		1			0	50,000
	Mobile Cranes		1 1	LS	\$	0	1				0	1,277,190
	Structure Overhead		 '	12	+	15,555		2,403,748			16,618	2,435,921
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1	Subtotal	 	+	+	1 0.07	15,555		2,403,748		1	16,618	2,435,921
					}	15,555			1		1 .~	0
	Subtotal					`	- WALLES			-	(0
												0
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EXTENDED BY				
CHECKED BY				

CONCRETE

Downtown Condominium Project Historic Productivities - Concrete Related

Description		Prod. Rate
Footing Forms- Pads	MH/SF	
Footing Forms- Continous	MH/SF	
Form Spread Footings	MH/SF	0.200
Form Raft Slab	MH/SF	0.200
Form Slab Edge	MH/SF	0.250
Grade Beam Forms	MH/SF	0.250
Pile Cap Forms	MH/SF	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
SOG Edge Form/Const. Jt.	MH/SF	[
Form Slab Edge	MH/SF	
Form Walls	MH/SF	
Form 1-sided Walls	MH/SF	
Form 2 Sided Walls	MH/SF	1
Form Core Walls	MH/SF	.1
Form Shear Walls	MH/SF	1
Form Door Openings	MH/SF	0.100
Form Columns	MH/SF	0.100
Form Elevated Slab	MH/SF	
Set Screeds	MH/SF	0.002
Transfer Beam Forms	MH/SF	
Curved Wall Form	MH/SF	0.250
Dome Slabs	MH/SF	
Place Mudd Slabs	MH/CY	
Place Pad Footings	MH/CY	
Place Continous Footings	MH/CY	
Place Slab on Grade	MH/CY	
Place Shear Walls	MH/CY	
Place Core Walls	MH/CY	
Place 1 Sided Walls	MH/CY	
Place Columns	MH/CY	
Place Slab on Metal Deck	MH/CY	
Place Elevated Slab	MH/CY	
Place Transfer Beams	MH/CY	
Place Ductbank Concrete	MH/CY	<u></u>
Place Topping Slab	MH/CY	
Finish SOG	MH/SF	0.0082
Finish Elevated Slab	MH/SF	0.0082
Cure SOG	MH/SF	
Cure Elevated Slab	MH/SF	
Cure & Protect	MH/SF	
Patch & Grind Walls	MH/SF	<u></u>
Patch & Grind Columns	MH/SF	
Grind Soffits	MH/SF	0.020

Use the following information for Concrete Pricing:

Crew Labor Rates:

Flagmen	\$41.15/Hr
Demo/Excav Lab	\$45.95/Hr
Laborer Concrete Placing	\$46.11/Hr
Laborer- Place Slabs	\$49.62/Hr
Rough Carp-Interior	\$53.52/Hr
Form Carp- Foundations	\$51.66/Hr
Form Carp- Walls and Cols	\$54.48/Hr
Form Carp- Slabs	\$53.63/Hr
Form Carp- Elevated Decks	\$52.28/Hr
Form Carp- Core Walls	\$52.87/Hr
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Note: Labor rates are a composite crew rate and fully burdened. NR= Non-Repetitive.

Form Lumber/Misc. Hardware:

\$1.50/SF

Heat & Protect Concrete:

\$4.00/CY

Concrete Pumping:

32 Meter:

\$100/Hr & 2.00/CY + \$40 Travel Charge

55 Meter:

\$220/Hr & 3.00/CY + \$100 Travel Charge

32 Meter Placing Boom: \$190/Hr + 2.75/CY



Quote No.



Customer: PCL Construction Project Name: 2nd & Broad Job Address: 2nd & Broad City/County: Seattle P.O. Number:	Customer # Bid Date: Prices Escalate: \$4.00 Sale Type: 3 Zone: 565D Pre.Wage: No	Effoctive: 1/1/08	Dale: Contact: Phone # Fax # Cell / Pgr# Expiration:	03/24/06 Cam 425-454-8020 425-990-3537 12/15/07 Price Per Cubic Yard
Product Description Foundation - 5000 PSI @ 56 Days 6" Slump Slab on Grade - 3000 PSI .45 w/c 6" Slump Elevated Beams & Slabs - 6000 PSI 6" Slump Elevated Beams & Slabs - 6000 PSI 8" Slump Elevated Beams & Slabs - 6000 PSI 6" Slump Air Elevated Beams & Slabs - 6000 PSI 8" Slump Air Columns & Shear Walls - 8000 PSI 8" Slump	MIX # 581081R 631081R 661281 661281R 661283 661283R 200004 551081R	54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54 54		\$82.50 \$63.50 \$90.00 \$92.00 \$90.00 \$92.00 \$94.50 \$80.00
Basement Walls - 4000 PSI 6" Slump 6-4:35 ST 4:30 ST C 1.05/n.N 5.00 PM 60) - 2.20/n.N.	¢. • . • .	·		
Environmental Surcharge Winter Heat (November 15th - March 15th) Fuel surcharge will apply Repelex with Hycrete - Complete Waterproof Concrete Pump Blowback (Per Occurrence) Fibermesh Secondary Reinforcement Fiber Mix Secondary Reinforcement		ON CALLFOR (BA SOTE 15 STICL GO		Add \$3.5 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$3.5 Add \$3.5 Add \$3.5 Add \$3.5 Add \$3.5 Add \$3.5 Add \$3.5 Add \$3.5 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$2.7 Add \$100.00 \$100.00 \$7.00 \$25.00 \$2

Novomesh Fiber (Replaces W2.9 or light rebar mat) E READY MIX PLANT NUMBERS E REDMOND 50 & BELLEVUE 53 8 SKY RIVER 30 8 MILL CREEK 31 & ISSAQUAN 51 B BLACK DIAMOND 40 & SEATTLE 54

SR. SALES REPRESENTATIVE	PHONE	FAX NUMBER
Acceptance of quote is acceptance of Cadma	in's Terms and Conditions, receipt of wh	ich is acknowledged.
Acceptance of quote is acceptance of public in	availability. All prices based on full loads.	5°

All materials subject to availability. All prices based on full loads.

(425) 766-7216

Quote is based on agreed products and quantities at bid time. Selective purchasing may void above pricing.

Ten minutes allowed for unloading eggregate. Seven minutes per cubic yard allowed for unloading concrete. Standby fee of \$105.00 per hour is essessed beyond these limits.

Short load fee of \$25.00 per cubic yeard of concrete will be assessed for each yeard under B. Saturday delivery premium is \$12.00 per cubic yeard. AGGREGATE DISPATCH: (425) 981-7200

READY	MIX	DISPATCH	(425)	961-7100

(425) 961-7390

Notes:

FAILURE TO SIGN AND RETURN WITHIN 30 DAYS OF BID DATE, WILL VOID THIS QUOTE.

Ed Gray

Confirmed by: _ Date: Purchase Order: ____



Fuel surcharge will apply.

Quote No.



Project Name!	P C L Construction 2nd & Broad 2nd & Broad Seattle	_, _,	Customer II Bid Date: Prices Escalate: Sale Type: Zone: Pre.Wuge:	3 565D	Effective	1/1/08	Contact: Phone # Fax # Cell / Pgr#	03/24/06 Cam 425-454-802(425-990-353 12/15/07	·
P.O. Number		Ð/Fil) ♦ Pi	Prive per Cubie	Agg & Pil	Dass Price	Environmental	Total Pick Up	Total Delivered	Total Delivered T&T / Ton
Product No. 1000	Description 1 1/2 " - 3/4" Washed	No.	Trock Yard	Ne.	For Ton 12.50	Surcharge 1.00	##/fm \$13.50	\$19.45	\$17.35 \$16.35
2150	1 1/4"- 0 Minus Rock 5/8"- Minus Rock			6 6	11.50 11.80	1.00 1.00	\$12.50 \$12.80	\$18,45 \$18,75 \$21,45	\$16.65 \$19.35
1120 1320	Pea Gravel Fill Sand			6	9.00	1.00 1.00	\$15.50 \$10.00 \$14.00	\$21.45 \$15,95 \$19.95	\$13.85 \$17.85
2355 1255	5/8" Clear Crushed Type 17			6 6	13.00 9.25	1.00 1.00	\$10.25	\$16.20	\$14.10
									

♦ PIT NUMBERS ♦

REDMOND 1 � HIGHROCK 2 � SKY RIVER 3 � BLACK DIA		END 9 & GOLD BAR 11 (425) 961-7390
Ed Gray SR. SALES REPRESENTATIVE	(425) 766-7216 PHONE	FAX NUMBER

Acceptance of quote is acceptance of Cadman's Terms and Conditions, receipt of which is acknowledged.

All materials subject to availability. All prices based on full loads.

Quote is based on agreed products and quantities at bid time. Selective prochasing may void above pricing.

Ten minutes allowed for unloading aggregate. Seven minutes per cubic yard allowed for unloading concrete. Shrothy fee of \$105,00 per know is assessed for each yard under 8. Saturdey delivery premium is \$12,00 per cubic yard.

READY MIX DISPATCH (425) 961-7100

AGGREGATE DISPATCH: (425) 961-7200

	······································	
Notes:	FAILURE TO SIGN AND RETURN WITHIN 30 DAYS OF BID DATE, WILL VOID THIS QUOTE.	Confirmed by: Date: Purchase Order :



Cadman, Inc. Fuel Surcharge Calculation Chart

Diesel Price	Charge Per Load
	N/C
Less than \$1.75 per gallon	\$2.50
\$1.75 - \$1.99	\$5.00
\$2.00 - \$2.24	\$7.50
\$2.25 - \$2.49	• •
\$2,50 - \$2.74	\$10.00
\$2.75 - \$2.99	\$12.50
\$3.00 - \$3.24	\$15.00
	\$17.50
\$3,25 - \$3,49	·

Each week, we update our surcharge to reflect the prior week's diesel price, established by the West Coast Diesel Price Index. If you would like up-to-date information, you can check the weekly price on line through the D.O.E. home page at www.eia.doe.gov.

We appreciate your business and sincerely thank you for your patronage.

CADMAN, INC. ADDITIONAL COSTS/CHARGES SCHEDULING/SERVICE INFORMATION

Environmental/Regulatory Surcharge: An environmental surcharge of \$3.50 per cubic yard of concrete and \$1.00 per ton of aggregate will be added to all invoices.

Fuel Surcharge: A fuel surcharge will be added to all deliveries.

Winter Heat: A winter heat surcharge of \$2.75 per cubic yard of concrete is in effect during the period of November 15th -

Minimum Loads: Our minimum concrete load is eight (8) cubic yards. A short load surcharge of \$25.00 per every yard under eight (8) will be added to smaller loads. Our minimum load for aggregate delivery is 15 tons. Loads under 15 tons will be charged for time and material.

Standby Time: A standby surcharge is assessed for concrete loads that exceed seven (7) minutes per cubic yard unloading time on the jobsite and ten (10) minutes per load aggregate. Additional time will be charged at \$105.00 per hour or \$1.75 per

Overtime: Concrete deliveries between 4:30 PM and 6:00 PM are subject to an overtime surcharge of \$60.00 per hour. This time will be calculated from "time truck leaves plant" until "back at plant". After 6:00 PM charges will be at double time or \$120.00 per hour. All scheduled pours starting after 6:00 PM will be subject to special opening fees.

Special Openings: Concrete orders which require a special plant opening (Sundays, holidays, non-working Saturdays, pours starting before 4:00 AM or after 6:00 PM) will be invoiced at an additional \$1,200.00 for plant opening with operator and \$650.00 per truck required. Charges for special aggregate plant openings are handled on a per job basis based on equipment, personnel and product needs.

Extended Hauls: Deliveries over 45 minutes from plant will be subject to an extended haul surcharge at \$1.75 per minute for each minute over 1.5 hours total travel time (or 45 minutes one way).

Early Starts: Concrete orders with start times between 4:00 AM and 6:00 AM will be charged an early start plant opening at \$200.00 per hour and overtime at \$1.00 per minute, (per truck) until 6:00 AM.

Saturday Deliveries: A \$12.00 per cubic yard premium will be assessed for all concrete delivered on a working Saturday. Non-working Saturdays are subject to Special Openings. Saturday delivery hours are between 7:00 AM and 1:00 PM. Pump Blowback: A pump blowback surcharge, at \$100.00 per occurrence, is charged if a concrete pump cleans up or

blows back into our ready mix truck. Color Washout: A color washout surcharge, of \$35.00 per truck, will be charged for color added at job site. Returned Concrete: Returned concrete, over two cubic yards, may be subject to a \$25.00 per cubic yard disposal

surcharge and truck time to disposal site. Late Cancellations: A cancellation surcharge of \$250.00 may be charged for firm orders cancelled less than 3 hours prior to confirmed pour.

Scheduling/Service Information

- Purchaser's changes to original delivery request shall be made to Cadman's dispatch office only and not through Cadman drivers, quality assurance personnel, or sales representatives.
- Cadman has no responsibility to communicate with Purchaser when Pump Company holds or cancels orders.
- Will call orders will be subject to cancellation if not confirmed by 1:00 p.m. the day prior to delivery.
- All orders placed after 1:00 p.m. are subject to changes based on availability.
- All first round orders, prior to 8:00 a.m., are required to be placed as firm orders.
- Cadman does not guarantee on-time service for same day orders, time changes, or increased ordered quantity.
- The obligations of Cadman are subject to contingencies of strikes, accidents, delays in transportation, governmental regulations, fires or any other causes unavoidable or beyond our control.
- Purchaser agrees that it waives its right to reject acceptance of Cadman materials without notification in writing within three
- (3) business days after receipt. Deliveries beyond the nearest public road, including access to the job site, are the responsibility and/or the risk of the purchaser.
- Aggregates supplied to this project may be sourced from different locations.
- All materials are subject to availability.

Minimum Batch Sizes: Following are the minimum required batch sizes for the different classes of concrete. 3 Yard Minimum

- Colored Concrete
- Normal Weight Concrete Less than 5000 PSI
- 1 Yard Minimum
- Normal Weight Concrete 5000 PSI or Greater
- 2 Yard Minimum

Light Weight Concrete

2 Yard Minimum

TERMS OF PAYMENT. Terms of payment to customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of austinatory and the payment of the customers of the payment of the customers of the payment of the customers of the payment

PROVISIONS OF THIS DOCUMENT WERE SPECIFICALLY AND MUTUALLY NEGOTIATED.

POINT OF ACCEPTANCE The Purchaser's point of acceptance is at the truck chule. Cadman does not accept responsibility for physical changes to the concrete by job delays, delivery systems, placing of equipment or circumstances beyond our control.

WAIVER/DISCLAIMER IN EVENT OF ADDITION OF WATER AND/OR FOREIGN MATERIAL. If water and/or foreign material is added to the concrete by or at the request of the Purchaser, its employees, agents, contractors or subcontractors, Purchaser agrees to accept the concrete as altered and specifically and knowingly waives all rights of the Purchaser, its employees, agents, contractors or subcontractors, Purchaser agrees to accept the concrete. Further, Cadman disclaims and shall not be responsible for the extensity shape or other properties of the placet.

to reject, revoke acceptance of, or assert any claim for breach of any warranty related to the altered concrete. Further, Cadman disclaims and shall not be responsible for the strength, stump or other properties of the altered concrete.

CONCRETE TESTING: Purchaser agrees that all ready mix concrete testing, including concrete strength testing for acceptance, shall be in accordance with ASTM, UBG and ACI requirements and guidelines and that Cadman shall be provided with a copy of all test results within three (3) working days of the performance of tests on Cadman's and ACI requirements and guidelines and that Cadman shall be provided with a copy of all test results within three (3) working days of the performance of tests on Cadman's concrete. Notification of deficient concrete compressive strength test results. Purchaser agrees to notify Cadman in writing within twenty-four (24) hours of deficient concrete compressive strength test results, to retain test specimens, and to make them svallable to Cadman for further inspection and testing.

CADMAN HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES. No warrantles, express or implied, (including warrantles of fitness for a particular purpose or warrantles of merchantability) are made and all materials are sold "AS IS". Cadman is not responsible for consequential or incidental damages of any kind including but not warrantles of merchantability) are made and all materials are sold "AS IS". Cadman is not responsible for consequential or incidental damages of any kind including but not warrantles of merchantability) are made and all materials are sold "AS IS". Cadman is not responsible for consequential or incidental damages of any kind including but not warrantles of merchantability) are made and all materials are sold "AS IS". Cadman is not responsible for consequential or incidental damages of any kind including but not warrantles of merchantability) are made and all materials are sold "AS IS". Cadman is not responsible for consequential or incidental damages of any

LIMITATION OF NUMBERS SECTIONS FERRORS TO DESCRIPTION OF DESCRIPTION OF NUMBERS SECTIONS FERRORS TRANSPORT TO STREET SECTIONS FOR THE ORIGINAL PROPERTY OF THE ORIGINAL PRO

TIME LIMITATION Purchaser acknowledges that no legal action may be commenced or maintained by Purchaser as to any claim, known or unknown, based upon

TIME LIMITATION Purchaser acknowledges that no legal action may be commenced or maintained by Purchaser as to any claim, known or unknown, based upon negligence or express or implied warranty or contract after 1 year from the last date Cadman delivered material to Purchaser.

TITLE AND RISK OF LOSS Unless otherwise expressly stated herein, title to the materials sold hereunder shall remain with Cadman until Cadman has received full payment for the same. Risk of loss of the materials sold hereunder shall pass to the Purchaser upon delivery of the materials at the place of delivery designated herein, payment for the same. Risk of loss of the materials sold hereunder shall pass to the Purchaser upon delivery of the materials at the place of delivery designated herein. Thereafter, in addition to assuming all risk of loss, Purchaser shall be responsible for compliance with all governmental regulations and ordinances with regard to storage or placement of the same and agrees to indemnify and hold Cadman harmiess against all claims resulting from damage to property of any kind arising from the storage, use or placement of the same and agrees to indemnify and hold Cadman harmiess against all claims resulting from damage to property of any kind arising from the storage.

CONCRETE WARNINGS

oncrete can cause injury to eyes and irritate the skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin, Wear waterproof gloves, a fully buttoned long-sleeved shirt, full-length trousers, and tight fitting eye protection when working with concrete materials. If you have to stand in wot concrete, use waterproof boots that are tight at tops and high enough to and tight fitting eye protection when working with concrete materials. If you have to stand in wot concrete, use waterproof boots that are tight at tops and high enough to keep concrete from flowing into them. If you are finishing concrete, wear kneepads to protect knees. FIRST AID: If concrete or cement dust is inhaled, remove to fresh air, keep concrete from flowing inhoused the first tight and the standard control in the second to the first tight of the second tight inhaled in the first tight and the first tight are contact, so promptly finise wat concrete, montar, cement or cement mixtures from clothing. Seek immediate madical contact through clothing can be as serious as direct contact, flow with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician immediately. KEEP OUT attention if you have persistent or severe discomfort. In case of eye contact, flow with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Consult a physician immediately. CALL POISON CONTROL. PURCHASER AGREES TO CONVEY THIS WARNING TO ALL PERSONS WHO MAY USE OR OF REACH OF CHILDREN. IF INGESTED, CALL POISON CONTROL. PURCHASER AGREES TO CONVEY THIS WARNING TO ALL PERSONS WHO MAY USE OR OF REACH OF CHILDREN. IF INGESTED, CONCRETE, MORTOR, CEMENT, OR CEMENT MIXTURES.

	Downtown Condominium Project		Bid Recap:	-	16A - E	EC	ELECTRICAL		
Sec	Description	Total Cost							
	Electrical			,,,,,,					
									Ī
	Design Fee	By Owner						••••	
	Residential Units						-		
	Commons Areas								
	Service							****	
	Equipment Connections			******					
	Fire Alarm								
	Generator								
	Telecom/CATV Systems								
	Security Systems		****	*****					
	CCTV Camera System								
	Video Surveillance System								
		Exicuded							
	Utility Company Charges	By Owner	******						
		\$ 45,000.00							
	sts	\$ 50,000.00			-				
	Parking- Onsite	Not Permitted							

	BONDABLE	Not Included							<u> </u>
	PER PLANS AND SPECS								
	Sales Tax	Not Included							
	ADDENDUM 182	***************************************							
	UNION /NON UNION			y					

	FLECTRICAL								
L				*****	men	,			

Page 1 of 1

2:25 PM - 2/11/2008

AC/DC Electric Company

900 Poplar Place Seattle, Washington 98144 (206)624-3400

February 14, 2008

PCL CONSTRUCTION SERVICES 15405 S.E. 37th St Suite 200 Bellevue WA 98006

Attn: Estimating Dept.

Re: Downtown Condominium Project

Seattle, WA

We are please to submit our design-build electrical proposal for the above referenced project. AC/DC is an open shop non-union electrical contractor with extensive residential experience. We acknowledge receipt of Addendum $1\ \&2$.

Our proposal is based upon the following

RESIDENTIAL -

Each of the 205 units will be equipped with:

- 1 Bath mirror fixture type per bathroom.
- 1 or 4 Surface drum fixtures depending on the unit size.
- 1 10' track light with 6 halogen heads per kitchen.
- 1 Dining Room fixture.
- 1 Exterior wall mount fixture for units with a patio or deck (176 total fixtures).
- 1 Fan/heat lamp unit per bath (duct work by others) this will serve as the whole house fan.
- 2 Dedicated receptacles for kitchen appliance circuits.
- 1 GFI receptacle per kitchen and bathroom.
- 1 WP receptacle for units with decks or patios (176 total).
- 1 Dryer/washer receptacle where indicated.

Duplex receptacles approximately 12' on center in the living areas, bedroom outlets will be on arc fault breakers.

Switching as required.

- 1 Recessed wall heater in each living room each with individual wall thermostat.
- 1 Baseboard heater in each bedroom room each with individual wall thermostat.
- 1 Range hood connection.
- 1 Garbage disposal connection.
- 1 Dishwasher connection.
- 1 Dryer fan connection.
- 1, 2 or 3 120 volt smoke detectors depending on unit size.

We have also included the wiring for the two guest suites in this section.

COMMON AREAS -

19- 2X4 parabolic lay in fixtures.

- 33 Recessed fluorescent downlights.
- 82 Stairway lights.
- 95 fluorescent strip lights.
- 84- Type A fluorescent garage lights**
- 113 Exit lights.
- 2 Elevator pit lights.
- 271 Corridor surface mount fluorescent dome fixtures.
- 212 Wall sconces for unit entry doors.
- 23 Exterior wall sconces.
- 95 Switches.
- 138 Duplex receptacles.
- 6 Dedicated receptacles for the fitness room.
- 4 WP receptacles.
- 1 \$ 2,500.00 fixture allowance.
- ** (151 if Type B metal halide garage lights are used)

SERVICE -

- 1 3000 amp 277/480 volt main switchboard.
- 1 600 amp 277/480 volt emergency switchboard.
- 4 1200 amp 120/208 volt residential meter centers.
- 1 600 amp 277/480 volt house panel.
- 1 400 amp 277/480 volt emergency panel for roof loads.
- 4 100 amp 120/208 volt house panels.
- 4 100 amp 120/208 volt emergency panels.
- 1 100 amp 120/208 volt single phase loadcenter in each unit (212 total).
- 1 75 KVA transformer.
- 2 750 KVA transformer.
- 1 400 amp 277/480 volt feeder to the future retail space.
- 40' Secondary feeder length.
- 100' 8-4" Conduit only for SCL primary service.
- 100' 4-4" Conduit only for telephone service.
- 100' 2-4" Conduit only for cable TV service.

EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS -

We will provide disconnects and connections to the following equipment. We exclude starters. Since many equipment locations are not known at this time, we have listed our assumed length next to the major pieces of equipment.

- 1 100 HP fire pump (250').
- 2 30 HP elevators (70' ea).
- 9 Garage exhaust fans (200' ea).
- 1 Transformer room exhaust fan (30').
- 1 Trash room exhaust fan (130').
- 1 Electrical room fan (30').
- 5 Pressurization fans (100' ea).
- 1 Supply fan heater (120').
- 2 Cabinet heater (170' ea).
- 2 Corridor ventilation fans (160' ea).
- 1 Elevator room heat pump (80').
- 4 Boiler room equipment (30' ea).
- 4 Hot Circulation pumps (40').

- 2 Common area heat pumps (130' ea).
- 23 Fire/smoke dampers.
- 5 Motorized dampers.
- 2 Storm sump pumps (180' ea).
- 2 Sewage sump pumps (180' ea).
- 2 Booster sump pumps (180' ea).
- 1 Main entry power doors.
- 1 Irrigation controller.
- 10 Heat trace connections.

FIRE ALARM -

- 1 FACP.
- 90 Smoke detectors.
- 43 Pull stations.
- 360 Speakers.
- 134 Speaker/strobes.
- 14 Strobes.
- 54 Fire fighter phone jacks.
- 42 Monitoring device connection points.
- 2 Elevator recall relays.

GENERATOR -

- 1 350 KW diesel generator.
- 1 600 amp ATS.

We will provide a fuel tank with the capacity to provide 8 hours of operating time.

TELECOMMUNICATIONS & CABLE TV SYSTEM CABLING -

Backbone Cabling-

Install 100 pair phone cable in conduit from the 1st level telecommunications room, located in main electrical room, up to the IDF rooms to be located in a secure and common area on the 4^{th} , 7^{th} , 10^{th} , and 12th floors. Terminate each end on 110-300 pair punch down blocks. Label and verification test each pair end to end.

Install 13mm Coaxial cable in separate conduit from the 1^{st} level telecommunications room, located in main electrical room, up to the IDF rooms to be located in a secure and common area on the 4^{th} , 7^{th} , 10^{th} and 12^{th} floors. This cable is pre-wire only- termination to be done by Comcast.

Install (1) 14×24 inch Leviton media panel with voice and CATV termination modules in each residential unit. Install (1) Cat5e voice cable and (1) RG6 coaxial CATV cable from media panel in each unit to the nearest floor serving IDF. Terminate each end, label with unit number and test. CATV cable will be terminated at each media panel only, Comcast will terminate cable at each IDF room. All cables will be labeled with unit number.

Horizontal / Residential Unit Cabling-

Install (1) Cat5e voice cable to each bedroom and living room of the residential units. Homerun cables back to the unit's media panel. Terminate, label, and test. Cross-connect all outlet cables to backbone cabling.

Install (1) RG6 coaxial cable for CATV outlets to each bedroom and living room of the residential units. Homerun cables back to units media panel. Terminate, label and test. Cross-connect all outlet cables to backbone cabling.

Miscellaneous-

Install voice cabling needed to support elevator equipment room, fire alarm panel, and miscellaneous office cabling.

SECURITY SYSTEMS -

Access Controlled System for Building Security and Controlled Entry

Fully functioning access control system consisting of forty-five (45) controlled locations. All locations controlled via proximity card reader technology connected to intelligent controllers and all equipment controlled professional access control software.

Intercom System - Telephone Based Communication

Fully functioning intercom system consisting of one (1) main entry panel located at main entrance for visitor-controlled entry.

Labor rates

Our current labor rates are as follows:

Foreman	\$ 58.60
Journeyman	\$ 55.20
Apprentice	\$ 39.75

These rates are our direct cost prior to the application of the fee.

Fee

The fee would be the total of the above reimbursable costs marked up 8% for overhead, plus an additional 6% for profit on the total of the reimbursable costs and overhead. Fee and overhead is included in our budget below.

Changes to the Work

Change order reimbursable costs and markups for additional Construction Services will be the same as described above. AC/DC shall, if requested, provide separate tracking of costs associated with individual changes.

Permits

Permits for our work are included

Bonding

We are bondable, but have not included bond costs in our proposal.

QUOTE-

RESIDENTIAL UNITS	\$ 1,292,645.00
COMMON AREA	\$ 299,940.00
SERVICE	\$ 785,595.00
EQUIPMENT CONNECTIONS	\$ 84,110.00
FIRE ALARM	\$ 235,510.00
GENERATOR	\$ 133,420.00
TELECOMMUNICATIONS & CATV SYSTEMS	\$ 188,440.00
SECURITY SYSTEMS	\$ 123,850.00
Name and the same of the same	

TOTAL \$ 3,143,510.00

Design Fee, included above \$60,000.00

ALTERNATES -

Video Surveillance System

Fully functioning video surveillance based on twelve (12) color cameras, digital video recorder, monitors, and all required equipment and installation materials.

QUOTE \$ 31,140.00

Optional cameras in elevator lobby - Floors 1-13

QUOTE \$ 15,120.00

Offsite Parking add

QUOTE \$30,000.00

This quote excludes:

- 1) Sales Tax.
- 2) Trench and backfill
- 3) Landscape restoration.
- 4) Temp power
- 5) Asphalt or concrete cut and patch.
- 6) Drywall patch and paint.
- 7) Utility company charges.

The suppliers of copper, aluminum, steel and PVC products have informed AC/DC that, due to current market conditions, the manufacturers have invoked the *Force Majeure* provisions of their supply agreements. This means that, effective immediately, the pricing of their products will be on a "price in effect" basis.

We have included our standard builders risk insurance. We do not include any special rider required for an apartment or condo project.

We have not included a contingency in this proposal. We have included costs for the warranty period. We have contemplated doing this work during normal working hours.

Please call me if you have any questions please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned.

Sincerely, AC/DC Electrical

Don Sparky



February 14, 2008

Stewart M. Grauer PCL Constructors Inc. 15405 SE 37th Street, Suite 200 Bellevue, WA 98006

Re: Downtown Condominium Project Electrical Design/Build Proposal

Dear Stew,

PB is delighted to present our proposal to provide electrical design/build services for the Downtown Condominium Project. This response contains the project management, budget, and free information as requested in your RFP dated January 05, 2008, as well as samples of various management tools we use to assure that scheduled milestones are achieved and budget targets are met.

The PB team is committed to providing the Downtown Condominium project with cost effective, efficient, and flexible solutions necessary to meet the Owner's needs now and in the future. We will accomplish this by teaming with Diamond Engineering, Inc. utilizing recent hi-rise residential design experience to provide you with solid economical engineering solutions and design alternatives, conscientious cost modeling, and quality electrical construction. We are a union contractor and have the available capacity and demonstrated ability to successfully provide design and budgeting that will meet — or come in under — your target GMP electrical budget and meet the project schedule to facilitate the Owner's targeted occupancy.

We acknowledge receipt of Addendum No. 1 & 2.

We look forward to meeting you and working with you on this important project. Should you have any questions or require any additional information, please contact me at (206) 225-8000.

Very truly yours,

PB Electric

Peter A. Billings Vice President, Operations



Basis of Design/Electrical

CRITERIA:

1.1 General

- A. General Design: The electrical design shall support a new high rise building consisting of Residential, Retail, and Parking areas. The building is primarily residential occupancy, R-2 High Rise per the IBC.
 - 1. Systems and Functions shall include but not limited to:
 - a) Data and Voice systems
 - b) Access and Entry control
 - c) Fire Detection and Alarm
 - d) Television Signal Distribution
 - e) Legally Required Standby Systems
 - 2. Electrical service will be supplied by Seattle City Light (SCL) with integral vaults. Preliminary design indicates a 277/480V system. Consideration should be given to utilize a 120/208V system. The main electrical switchboard will be located in a parking level electrical room near the SCL vault. The balance of the electrical distribution system shall be located throughout the building facilitating best means for distributing residential and house power. Assumed distribution means will be by busway, costs need to considered for alternative pipe and wire riser. Metering will be provided for House, Commercial and Residential loads.
 - 3. Telephone and Telephone Services
 - a) Four 4" conduits shall be coordinated with the local telephone company and stubbed to property line.
 - b) Coordinate with television service providers, Comcast or equal. Provide conduit to property line as needed.

2.1 Objective

- A. Lighting: Using the city of Seattle Energy Code in conjunction with architect's directions, determining the best type of lighting for any given area. Energy saving fluorescent fixtures will be utilized wherever practicable. Incandescent fixtures are anticipated for the residential units. All areas will be illuminated to minimum levels.
- B. Devices: Residential grade devices will be installed in the residential units, color options are ivory, white and brown. Common areas shall have commercial grade devices, ivory, white and brown. All device plates shall be plastic with matching colors to installed devices.
- C. Equipment Connections: Electrical contractor is to provide final electrical connections to all electrically operated equipment provided and installed by other trades. Disconnecting means for motors shall be provided by EC and satisfy all NEC and City codes. Residential appliances are supplied and installed by others, any required cords for connections will be assumed to be supplied with appliance. All equipment supplied by mechanical systems including but not limited to: exhaust fans, heat and cooling units, VFD drives, motor starters, control wiring, duct or smoke detectors for same, shall be the responsibility of the mechanical contractor.



D. Fire Protection

- 1. Fire alarm detection and evacuation systems shall be designed and installed to meet all IBC, NFPA 72, state and local codes.
- 2. Electrical connections to a fire pump if required.
- 3. Coordination for specific system requirements shall be accomplished with the SFD.
- E. Generator: An emergency generator shall be provided under the following conditions.
 - 1. To supply power to emergency lighting.
 - 2. For emergency elevator requirements.
 - 3. Any pressurization fans requiring emergency power.
 - 4. Fire pumps, transfer switch and controllers (FBO) if required.
 - 5. Exhaust and fuel piping are to be provided by the mechanical contractor and coordinated between trades.
- F. Systems: Various systems will be required for proper use and operation of this building.
 - 1. A door intercom/access system utilizing the telephone system for access to individual residential tenants.
 - 2. A card access system allowing entry to the garage, lobbies and elevators.
 - 3. Prewiring of residential units matching the technologies of today.
 - a) Use of hybrid cable with multiple coax and UTP type cables.
 - b) Provide an interface and connection point accessible to the residential tenants, i.e.: Smart Box" or MDU to allow distribution of services within the individual units.
 - c) Two UTP copper riser systems will be installed.
 - I. Main copper riser will be provide by local service provider, assuming to be Quest.
 - II. Secondary copper riser will be by house to support emergency and other communication requirements, i.e.: elevator and stairwell phones.
 - d) Local provider for CATV services will install coaxial distribution system.
 - I. Consideration should be given to possible satellite systems.



Electrical Budget

GROSS SQUARE FOOTAGE

We have calculated the following GSF as follows:

Garage Retail Storage Electrical/Mechanical Areas Mail Room/Fire Comm. Residential		83,019 sf 4,154 sf 12,671 sf 2,585 sf 942 sf 165,397 sf
Lobby		1,186 sf
Fitness/Amenity		3,490 sf 48,203 sf
All Other	,	321,647 sf
Switch Board & Power Distribution Emergency Power System Mechanical Equipment Connectors Fire Alarm System CCTV/Security, incl Lobby Communications Pathway Shell and Core Outlets and Lighting Lobby Lighting Allowance Parking Garage Site Allowance	***	597,500.00 119,500.00 239,000.00 155,350.00 167,300.00 59,750.00 83,650.00 5,930.00 186,750.00 25,000.00
Residential Allowance	<u>\$</u> \$	1,535,270.00
TOTAL	3	3,175,000.00

Note: You have requested approximate counts of light fixtures Type A and B to match fixtures used on other Owner parking garages. If fixture type A (fluorescent) is used 98 ea. are required; if fixture type B (metal halide) is used 165 ea. are required. Final counts will vary and may be adjusted as specifications and design is completed.

Exclusions

The above excludes the following:

- 1. Washington State Sales Tax
- 2. Bond Premiums
- 3. Temp Power or Lighting
- 4. Trash Hauling or Dumpster Charges
- 5. Electrical Permit
- 6. Mechanical Control Wiring
- 7. Warranty Costs
- 8. Utility Company Charges
- 9. Design Fees



Clarifications

1. We have included off-site parking for our craftsmen.

2. We have bonding capacity to cover this project, but have not included bond costs.

BUILS THE BUSCIBICAL

February 14, 2008

Stewart M. Grauer PCL Construction Services, Inc. 15405 SE 37th Street, Suite 200 Bellevue, WA 98006

Re: Downtown Condominium/Mixed Used Project

Dear Stewart,

Thank you for the opportunity to present our proposal for the **Dowtown Condominium/Mixed Use Project!** We have included for your review and evaluation the Qualifications and Performance Requirements section from your letter dated January 05, 2008. Please note the extensive track record for projects of this type as designed by our design build partners, **Spark Arrest, LLC**. We understand the significance of this project for PCL and PRIDH, Inc. and we are prepared to assist in any capacity to insure its complete success. We trust the following information meets with your approval and look forward to joining your team for this exciting project. Should you have any questions please call me directly.

Sincerely, Bulls Eye Electrical Contractors, LLC

Edward B. Guttormson General Manager

BULLS ENE ELECTRICAL

Draft Budget

Fire Alarm Quote		\$	256,515.00
Fire Alarm Installed		\$	455,411.00
Lighting Quote		\$	414,080.00
Standard Lighting RI Common Space		\$	77,397.00
		\$	140,390.00
Standard Lighting RI Units		Ψ	140,520.00
PW Modular Quote		\$	251,307.00
Branch RI Common Space		\$	178,397.00
Branch RI Units		\$	505,606.00
Branch KI Ullus		Ψ	505,000.00
Mechanical Wiring and Connections		\$	195,295.00
111001101111101111111111111111111111111			
Gear Quote		\$	193,355.00
Gear RI/Distribution RI		\$	936,862.00
Cour To Dibuto Strong And			
General Quote		\$	185,876.00
Voice/Data		\$	260,947.00
		4	177 000 00
Access Control Allowance		\$	17,230.00
Access Control RI		\$	10,360.00
		ø	51,303.00
CCTV/Security/Video Quote		\$	•
CCTV RI		\$	16,094.00
		φ	69 522 00
Intercom		\$	68,533.00
C 4 1957 7		\$	102,107.00
CATV		Þ	102,107.00
Tamana Davion		\$	63,159.00
Temporary Power		Ψ	00,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Permit		\$	62,605.00
remm		Ψ	,
GC's		\$	1,098,638.00
00.3		4	, ,
Fee		\$	581,854.00
P.CC	Total:	\$	
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Please note this budget is a draft only and does not include any escalation costs for materials or quote items. It does not include labor escalation cost beyond June 09. We do not include baseboard heating or duct smoke detectors.



Electrical Basis of Design

PROJECT SUMMARY

The Downtown Condominium Project is a 13 level mix used residential and retail building located at 2900 2nd Ave in Seattle. The building is 332,560 GSF consisting of 233 parking stalls, 204 residential units plus two additional full guest suites, and 4154 GSF of retail specs.

CODES:

Electrical will comply with the international Building Code (IBC), city of Seattle Electrical Code and Seattle Energy Code.

LEED certification is not anticipated for this project. A list of electrical LEED concepts will be submitted upon request.

LIGHTING

Lighting in common areas shall be energy saving fluorescent lighting. The lighting shall be located to meet energy code and highlight architectural elements. Exterior lighting shall be metal halide and located to highlight stair landings, architectural elements, and entry ways. Low voltage landscape lighting will be located to up-light trees. The garage parking lights shall be fluorescent and located to obtain 4-5 foot-candles. The garage entrance will be lit to 50 foot-candles during daylight hours to allow for a smooth visual transition between the daylight areas and the parking garage. For attic stock purposes, we understand the Owner has a desire to match existing fixtures that are used on other parking garages they own. The following is a breakout of fixture counts based on the preliminary design information and fixture cut sheets we have received to date: Fixture type A (fluorescent) = 112ea., Fixture type B (metal halide) = 172ea. Final lighting selection will occur with Mithum, and PRIDH's concurrence.

Each dwelling unit shall contain one surface mounted 10' track with 6 halogen heads in the kitchen, one surface mirror light in the bathroom, multiple surface mounted fixtures at 10 foot centers in hallways and a pendant mounted incandescent light fixture above the dinning table. Each unit entry shall be lit by an accent sconce.

ELECTRICAL SERVICE

Per discussion with Don Foote of Seattle City Light (SCL) the project will contain a dedicated 3 hour electrical building vault to support (3) network transformers that shall supply normal power to the building. The vault will be fed from the alley with (4) 8" and (2) 2" concrete encased conduits. The vault shall be approximately 32'Wx25'D with (3) 6'Wx7'H doors. An 8" CMU curb will be placed to allow for oil retention. Initial dimensions of each transformer shall be 4'Wx7'Lx61/2"H and weigh 15,000 lbs. Lead time with new non-stock network transformers is 6 months minimum. In order to meet schedule, our team shall work immediately with SCL to solidify SCL requirements and obtain SCL "sign-off" for the work. SCL shall be contacted at least fifty working days in advance before permanent power is required to ensure a smooth transition between temporary and permanent power.



From the vault a cable/busway shall be routed to the two electrical switchboards. The service switchboards shall be rated at 4000 amps and 2000 amps at 480/277V, 3phase 4W. The total calculated electrical load of the building is 3,557KVA.

EMERGENCY SYSTEMS

Emergency power will be delivered by a 500KW emergency generator located in a one hour enclosure in the building. The generator accessories shall include a day tank, a fuel fill station, battery charger and related equipment. The generator shall feed exiting and egress lighting, emergency elevators, stairway and elevator pressurization fans, fire pump and fire pump controller, fire alarm system and other systems that legally require to be on emergency power. The fire pumps shall be fed from a dedicated automatic transfer switch.

TELECOMMUNICATION AND CABLE TV SERVICES

Quest shall be the communication service provider and Comcast shall be the cable TV provider. We propose to provide provisions on the roof for a dish network to maximize the choices of communications/cable TV service providers

From the alley service conduits will enter the building and terminate in the telecommunication demark room. Refer to the electrical site plan for additional information.

ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION

Electrical distribution will distribute through-out the building to meet the requirements of the project. Referring to the electrical one-line diagram, all transformation will occur in the electrical room. A busway will run from the electrical room to the main electrical room riser shafts to meter banks. From the meter bank dedicated power will be ran to each unit's 200A, single phase power panel. This approach will minimize the space requirements for the electrical rooms.

Normal and emergency house panels will be located on every third floor to accommodate common space power requirements.

Retail shall be served with a dedicated 400 amp service.

TELECOMMUNICATION AND CABLE TV DISTRIBUTION

Combination telecommunication and cable TV closets will be located on appropriate floors to allow distribution of low voltage services to each unit. Backbone riser cable shall be run from each IDF closet back to the main telecommunication demark room. Each unit shall be served by a RG-6 cable for cable TV and Cat 5 cable for telephone. Each unit will have both a cable TV/Internet jack and data/phone jack located in each bedroom and the living room.

A dedicated telecommunication and Cable TV conduit shall be installed to the retail space.

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LOW VOLTAGE SYSTEMS

An intercom system shall be located at each unit's entry door to allow two way communication and entry door release.

Referring to the fire alarm riser diagram, the fire alarm system shall consist of an addressable fire alarm panel that will monitor the initiating devices (smoke detectors, flow switches, tamper switches, etc...) and a voice control panel that will activate the speaker system. A fire fighter phone system will be located at each elevator lobby and each stairwell landing. Each unit shall contain a smoke detection/alarm system as required by code.

The electronic security system shall consist of card readers at the main lobby, Broad Street Entrance, garage entrance and exit and stair doors on levels one to penthouse. The security system shall interface with the fire alarm system to allow unlock only of the stairwell doors to allow egress from the building.

DEVICES

Per the acoustic design review the outlet boxes that are to be located on the unit corridor wall shall be separated by a minimum of two stud-bays from other boxes and caulked around to prevent sound leakage.

Each unit shall contain a 200 amp single phase panel and wiring devices to meet the requirements of code and the project requirements. Power for a range, microwave, refrigerator, dishwasher, disposal and washer/dryer is included. Base units will use electrical resistant baseboard heaters with the tenant's option to upgrade to an air to air unit.

The fitness center shall contain a minimum of six dedicated circuits to serve exercise equipment.

Branch power shall be distributed to the fire alarm system, CO monitoring system, security system, intercom system, mechanical equipment and other equipment requiring power.

Receptacles shall be located in corridors, lobbies, and as required by code. Two 20 ampere receptacles shall be provided at the elevated amenity deck; four at the rooftop gardens and one each at the fitness deck and at the dog run.

Retail shall contain temporary baseboard heating for freeze protection.

EQUIPMENT CONNECTION

Electrical power shall serve mechanical equipment, irrigation equipment and related equipment requiring power.

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EXCLUSIONS:

- 1. Design Fees
- 2. Utility Company Charges
- 3. On-Site Parking
- 4. Warranty Costs
- 5. Sales Tax

CLARIFICATIONS

- 1. We are bondable, but have not included bond costs in our proposal
- 2. We acknowledge receipt of Addenda 1.
- 3. We are a union contractor.

The Downtown Condo Project Scheduling Duration Areas



				Misc. Wor	k	Notes/Comments
		F	Rate/Day	Qty	Duration (Days)	
	Demolition			625,000 CF		
	Mass Excavation			22100 CY		
	Shoring- Soil Nail	ling		13940 SF		
	Footings			1345 CY		
<u> </u>						

					-	
Floors	Level		Rate/Wk	Concrete W	Ork Duration(WKS)	
	P3 SOG		rate/vvk	OI .	Duration(VVICS)	
1		1,				
2	P2 Elevated Dec	<u>K</u>				
3	-{					
4	Ground Lvl		·			
5	L2					
6	L3					
7	L4					
8	L5					
9	L6 L7		······································			
10						
11	L8		······································			
12	L9		.,			
	L10					
14	L11 L12					
15		· Stah				
16	Penthouse Floor					
17	Penthouse Roof					
<u> </u>						
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Totals				-		
						

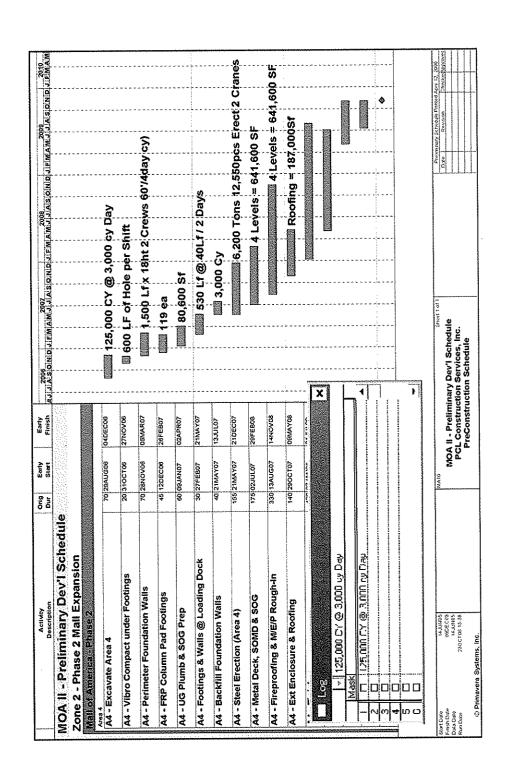
PreConstruction Scheduling

Productivity and Durations

- Standard list of Durations:
- How to figure Productivity & Durations:
- From Estimate Manhours & Quantity
- · Do your own take off Estimators don't take off Balcony SF or could be Take off quantity on Drawings – SF, CY, Ea
 - Do your own take off Estimators don't take off B wrong.
- R.S. Means
- Rule of thumb

Determine Activity Duration

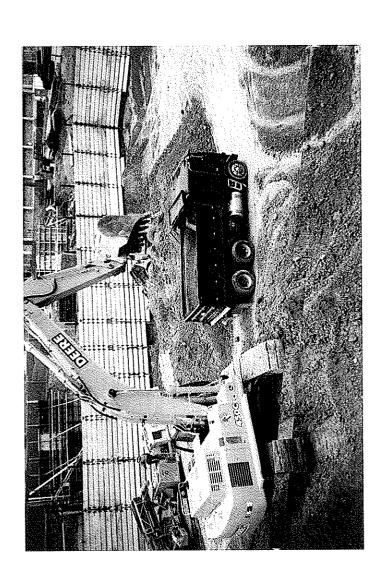
Duration = Quantity + Productivity Rate



Calculating Durations Ex:

Excavation: Cy per Day 500 Assumed

25,700 CY ÷ 500 CY/Day = 51Days



Common Activity Durations:

These common construction activities and duration "rules of thumb" can help you build your baseline project schedule. All durations are estimates and may vary from one project to another.

CSI Division 01: General

 Cranes: 1 month allowance after structure top off before taking down crane, 12,000 SF floor plate is the upper limit for one tower crane

CSI Division 02: Site construction

- Demolition: 20,000- 25,000 CF/day, 8 person crew
- Excavation: 600-1000 BCY/day
- Fine Grading: small areas 300-500 sy/hr, large areas 500-800 sy/hr
- Asphalt Paving: small areas 500-1000 tons/day, large areas 1500-2000 tons/day
- Concrete Paving: Small Areas 30 sy/hr Large areas 50 sy/hr
- Caissons: 2100mm bell X 5500mm deep = 4 piles / day using a 3 man crew
- Auger cast piles: 6 auger cast piles per day 18 inch diameter, 4' to 6' diameter caisson 50 feet deep in one day, 15-20 vertical feet/hr (holes up to 48" diameter)
- Driven piles: 7 piles/day, 18 M long, typical 4 man crew
- Shoring: 8 to 12 H piles per day drilled or pounded, 4 tie backs per day
- Storm sewer: RCP > 24 inches = 45 to 61 LM/day, RCP < 24 inches = 31 to 45 LM/day, 5 man crew
- Water distribution: 31 LM/day typical 5 man crew

CSI Division 03: Concrete

- Tying Rebar: 100 to 250 lbs/manhour
- Concrete Placing: 10000 8000 SF / week / tower crane for a typical floor, 8000 - 6000 SF / week / tower crane if fly forms cannot be used, Formwork Erection and Stripping: 6 sf/mhr to 12 sf/mhr Lagging for Shored Excavations: 1 sy/mhr
- Footings (pad): 1.564 M2/man/hr to 4.283 M2/man/hr, typical 5 man crew
- Footings (continuous): 1.86 M2/Man/hr, typical 5 man crew
- Grade beams: 1 LM/manhour
- Foundation walls: 2.1 M2/man/hr
- Foundation wall rebar: 7 to 10 manhours/tonne
- Concrete finishing: 1200 1500 SF / DAY / cement finisher
- Concrete Wall Cycle: 20 linear feet per day
- Suspended slab rebar: 7 manhours/tonne
- Slab On Metal Deck
- Precast structural panels: 20 panels/day, 6 man crew
- Precast spandrel panels: 30 to 40 panels/day, 6 man crew

CSI Division 04: Masnory

Masonry block: 160 blocks/mason/day

Masonry block (warehouse): 350 to 400 blocks/mason/day

Masonry block (high storage): 500 blocks/mason/day

Brick: 700 to 800 bricks/mason/day

CSI Division 05: Metals

- Structural steel erection: 35 tons/day or 35 pieces/day/hook, 5 man crew
- Metal Deck: 30000 SF/month
- Misc Metals
- Ornamental Metals & Handrails
- Expansion Joints
- Aluminum Ceiling & Assemblies

CSI Division 06: Wood & plastics

- Rough carpentry (backing and blocking)
- Finish carpentry: use 27% of contract value, typical crew size 5 to 10 men
- Architectural woodwork: use 27% of contract value, typical crew size 5 to 10 men

CSI Division 07: Thermal & moisture protection

- Waterproofing
- Water Repellant Coatings
- Exterior Insulation Finish System (EIFS): 100 SF/day/installer
- Exterior wall assemblies: 185 M2/day typical
- Metal Wall & Roof Panels
- Roofing: EPDM ballasted: 1000 M2/day typical 8 man crew. Built up roof: 175 M2/day typical 6 man crew. Standing seam roof: 50 M2/day typical 15 man
- Spray Fireproofing: 3000 to 5000 SF/day
- Caulking & Sealants

CSI Division 08: Doors & windows

- Windows: 1200 SF/day
- Curtainwall: Panelized system: 2500 SF/day, typical crew size 7 men. Stick built: 750 to 1250 SF/day, typical crew size 7 men
- Hollow metal door frames: 2 manhours/frame, 8 frames installed per day, 2
 man crew
- Hollow metal door and hardware: 4 manhours/door, 1 man crew
- Overhead doors: 1 door/day, 2 man crew
- Door hardware

CSI Division 09: Finishes

Interior finishes follows structure 6 to 8 floors behind, due to need for reshoring, eye brow of fly forms preventing drifting of loads underneath, and the need for a rain barrier between the top concrete deck and finishing floors. The status of elevators will dictate the completion of interior finishes. One month after elevators are complete is usually enough time to complete interior finishes.

- Metal Studs: 45 M2/day, 1 man crew
- Drywall hang, tape, finish: 140 M2/day, 5 man crew, 5/8" drywall
- Drywall ceilings: 900 SF/day
- Tape and Finish Gypsum Board
- Ceramic and Quarry Tile: 250-300 SF/day/2 man crew
- Grouting tile: 500-600 SF/day/2 man crew
- Terrazzo: 130 SF/day/2 man crew
- Acoustical Ceiling Grid: 2000 SF/day
- Acoustical Ceiling Tile: 2000 SF/day
- Carpet: 1500 SF/day
- Resilient Flooring, Rubber Base
- Painting, Vinyl Wall Coverings
- Special Flooring

CSI Division 10: Specialties

- Toilet Partitions: 5 to 10 stalls/day/installer
- Toilet Accessories
- Louvers and Vents

CSI Division 11: Equipment

- Audio/Video equipment
- Security equipment
- Maintenance equipment
- Parking Control Equipment
- Detention Equipment
- Water Softening Equipment
- Building Maintenenance Fall Arrest Equipment

CSI Division 12: Furnishings

- Artwork
- Casework
- Furnishings

CSI Division 13: Special construction

- Swimming pools
- Security cameras
- Solar panels

CSI Division 14: Conveying systems

Elevators: Hydro: 4 weeks/elevator, 2 man crew, Traction: 18 weeks/elevator, 2 man crew. 4 to 5 months to build elevators after dry in of machine room, 2 months before the first car becomes available after dry in of machine room, 1 month to refurbish the car used during construction and put it in control group.

Hoists: Hoists will be needed for structures with a roof height 65 feet or more

above ground,

Hoists will be needed until the first elevator can be used during construction, 2 months to close in hoist bay after removal.

Escalators: 6 weeks/escalator, 3 man crew

CSI Division 15: Mechanical

Use 45% of contract value for labor divided by \$65/hour to calculate total manhours

- Underground Storm pipe
- Sanitary sewer pipe: 50 LF / day
- Pipe laying: 2 to 3 joints per hour (storm drain pipe up to 48" diameter with excavation less than 10' deep and open cut)
- Rough in Fire Protection Lines
- Fire Protection Trim
- Rough in Plumbing
- Plumbing Fixtures
- Rough in Mech Piping
- Mech Equipment
- Rough in Ductwork & Equipment
- HVAC Trim
- Mech Start-up & Commissioning
- Air Handling Units
- Heat Exchangers
- Pumps
- Cooling Towers
- Centrifugal Chillers
- Steam Boilers
- Supply and return fans
- Variable Frequency Drives
- Terminal Units VAV boxes

CSI Division 16: Electrical

Use 45% of contract value for labor divided by \$65/hour to calculate total manhours

- Underground Electrical Rough-In
- Rough-In Elect Conduit & Panel Boards
- Electrical Pull Wire & Terminate
- Electrical Switchgear & UPS Equip
- Electrical Light Fixtures
- Electrical Trim & Test
- Rough-In Elect Fire Alarm
- Temperature Controls Wire & Trim
- Security System Wire & Trim
- Switchgear

- Transformers
- Generators
- Distribution Panels
- UPS System
- Fire Alarm Panels

Area Summary

Project: Downtown Condominium Project Owner: PRIDH Development A/E: Mithun

Parking Circ./Service Retail Condo's Units (EA) Stalls (EA) 914 0 5212 0 15465 21 0 2 guest suites w// 2 guest suites w// 2 guest suites w// 2 guest suites w// 2 guest suites w// 3332 0 15465 21 0 2 guest suites w// 2 guest suites w/		Total	SF Breakout:	out:			Condo	Parking		,	
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1	Parking L3										
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GROSS BUILDING AREA DEFINITION - PROJECTS AND PROJECT COMPONENTS

The most common method of defining project costs is to express them as a function of the gross building area. This parameter is used when referring to total project costs and to some of the building system unit costs. It is therefore essential to use a standard method of measurement for this important parameter. This will permit communication and computation on a clear and understandable basis and will allow comparison of values to be made on the basis of a generally agreed upon unit of measurement.

Dimensions used in the calculation of gross building areas for the total project should be taken from the outside to outside of exterior walls.

Dimensions used in the calculation of gross building area for project components should be taken from the outside of exterior walls and from the outside of the common wall of the designated component (see Section 1.6 of this reference book). Do not deduct the areas of stairwell openings, elevator shaft openings, pipe or duct shaft openings. Include projecting columns and walls if they are the full height of the floor. Measurement of gross building area is further described below and on the next page.

Full Areas

- Full height basements or sub-basements, including, but not duplicating, elevator pits, boiler rooms, sump pits or other space below basement level.
- Pipe space, service tunnels and plenums 6 feet 6 inches high and over.
- Enclosed spaces (4 sides) beneath the floors as in a stilt design.
- All typical floors.
- Mezzanines and interior balconies (see also page 1.2.3 for "30%" rule).
 - Mechanical spaces.
 - Penthouses.
 - Any full height space above the roof (stair penthouses, machine rooms and the like).
 - Totally enclosed connecting plazas, passageways and promenade decks.

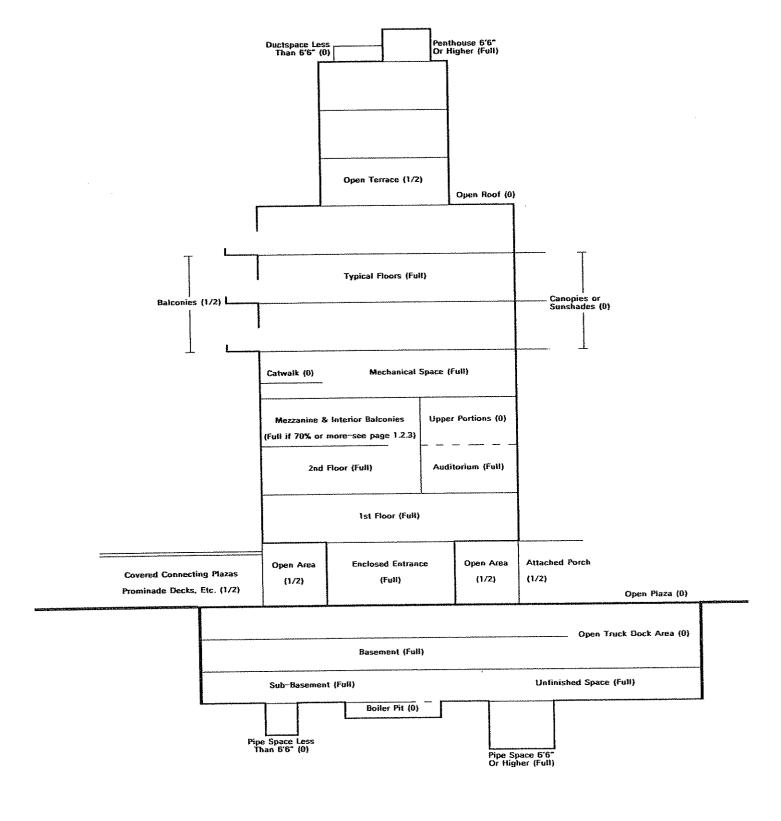
Half Areas

- Exterior balconies with entrances to the interior of the building.
- Attached porches, open on three sides.
- Unenclosed spaces beneath buildings of stilt design.
- Covered (no walls) connecting plazas, passageways and promenade decks.

Areas To Be Excluded

- Open spaces extending beyond one floor in height, such as the upper spaces of auditoriums, gymnasiums, swimming pools, atria, and the like.
- Catwalks, unoccupied or unfinished attic spaces, roofs.
- Window canopies or sunshades.

ILLUSTRATION OF GROSS FLOOR AREA METHOD OF MEASUREMENT



1.2.2

The current trend towards the incorporation of atriums and carve-outs in hotels, office buildings and shopping centers requires a standard procedure so the gross building area parameter will be consistent.

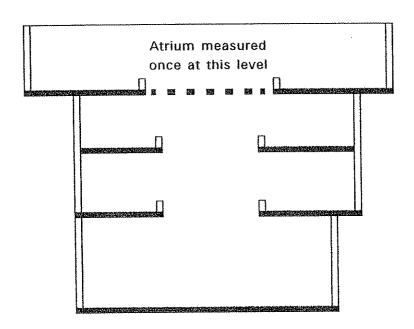
Atriums and carve-outs which are less than 30% of the gross area of that floor are NOT to be deducted when calculating the gross building area. In the case of the commercial rental unit/mall project component of a shopping centre, this decision will be based on 30% of the combined area of the mall + the commercial rental unit areas.

Mezzanines which are in excess of 70% of the area of the enclosure at that floor level shall be taken in full (not actual mezzanine area).

Calculate the ACTUAL area of sloping ramps and NOT the area in plan when calculating gross building area.

Areas of atriums and carve-outs which are more than 30% of the gross area of the floor are to be taken ONCE only. The measurements are to be taken at the floor where the dimensions of the space are the greatest.

The sketch below illustrates this rule:



Note: This measurement of the atrium would only be a consideration if the atrium comprised more than 30% of the area at that level. This would NOT be deducted at all unless it comprised more than 30% of the total building area at that level.

CONFIGURATION QUANTITY DEFINITIONS - PROJECTS AND PROJECT COMPONENTS

Building Footprint Area

Gross area of building coverage at grade level measured to outside face of perimeter walls or to outer extent of perimeter foundations.

Site Area

Site area is the area of the site measured to the property lines. Site area is to include the building footprint area.

Glazed Area to Roof

Glazed area to roof is the actual area of any glazed roofs or canopies. Sloped areas are classified as roofs (not walls) and are to be measured along the slope.

Roof Area (Remainder)

Roof area is the actual area of the remainder of the roofed area. Sloped areas are classified as roofs (not walls) and are to be measured along the slope.

Exterior Basement Wall Area

Exterior basement wall area is to be measured at the outside of the perimeter of the building and extends from the top of the footings to the top of the floor slab which is at or nearest to grade.

Exterior Wall - Above Grade (Not Including Glazed Areas)

Exterior wall is to be measured at the outside of the perimeter of the building and extends from the top of the floor slab which is at or nearest to grade to the top of the building including roof parapets. Do not include any glazed wall areas. Include exterior walls to penthouses.

Exterior Glazed Wall Areas

Definitions

Exterior glazed wall area shall include all exterior glazed areas which form the exterior walls of the building. Interior glazing is part of the interior construction building system and is not to be included here. If the glazed area could be considered as a roof or as a wall, i.e., sloping, then it shall be taken as a ROOF.

Exercise Narrative:

For this exercise you will need to calculate the anticipated cooling and heating loads for the building. Information pricing may vary widely. It is necessary at times to perform your own calculations for heating and cooling loads so you can determine the right amount of money to include for these components, and to help select the right received from subcontractors can be very contradicting when it comes to anticipated loads, and because of this subcontractor's information to use in the proposal.

Exercise Process:

should be used in your proposal. Review the subcontractor bids, select the one you believe contains the best unit Using the information given, fill out the cooling and heating worksheet to determine the anticipated loads that rates to carry for the chiller and the boiler, and estimate the total costs on the worksheet. In addition, identify which subcontractor's information you selected to use for your cost calculations and why.

- Assume this project is located in Seattle Washington. Seattle winter Heat loss factors are .72 at 20°F, and .57 at 30°F. Use a 20°F winter design temp. for heat loss calculations is between 20°F and 30°F. design temp. for this exercise
- Assume the building has a North and West exposure
- Redundancy is a percent of equipment that is used for backup when room), is used for load calculations. Use 50% heating redundancy a failure occurs. Typically 50-66% redundancy for heating, and no redundancy for cooling (unless it's a special use like a computer for this exercise
- at the same time. (i.e. in school buildings, the gym and cafeteria are loads that do not peak at the same time as the classrooms) Assume Diversity is the percent of the cooling load in zones that do not peak a 90% diversity rate for this exercise

Rules of Thumb

COOLING LOADS RATES:

Apartments/Condos

350-450 sq ft/ton

220-350 sq ft/ton

80-150 sq ft/ton

Restaurants

Hotels

150-400 sq ft/ton

190-360 sq ft/ton

Office

Retail

1 Ton Refrigeration = 12,000 Btu/h

HEAT LOSS CALCULATIONS:

- Determine cubic volume of building or space
- Find winter design temperature for location
- Use loss factor of 6.0 to 3.6 for single story to multiple story buildings

Loss Factor # of Stories 2 3 5 6 plus

Multiply loss factor by 1.1 (if bldg has N & W exposures)

Multiply loss factor by .57 for outside design temp. of 30° F (Dallas, TX)

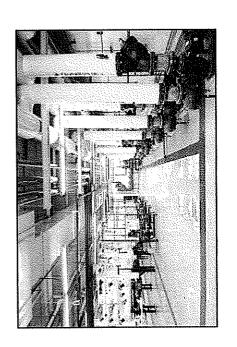
30'W x 30'l x 30h' space = 27,000 ft3

3 Story loss factor = 4.3

4,3 x 1,1 x 0,57 = 2,70 Btu/ft³

27,000 ft³ x 2.70 = 72,900 Btul 72,900 Btul900 ft² = 81.0 Btulft²

Mechanical Systems Costs HVAC Equipment



(Vendor costs should be within the ranges noted)

– Air Handlers:

\$2-\$6 per cfm

Exhaust Fans:

\$0.50-\$1 per cfm

Pumps:

\$900-\$2,000 per HP (5HP-25HP size)

Boilers:

\$19-\$30 per MBH

(1,000MBH - 7,000MBH boiler size)

Chillers:

\$400-\$500 per ton

Note: For boilers 1000BTUs = 1MBH

Subcontractor Quote Information

The following summarizes the conceptual chiller and boiler pricing information received from 3 subcontractors:

SEAHAWK HVAC:

Boiler Load Bid = 24,715 MBH; Boiler Bid Amount = \$654,947 Chiller Load Bid = 488 Tons; Chiller Bid Amount = \$224,194

SUPERSONIC MECHANICAL:

Boiler Load Bid = 24,950 MBH; Boiler Bid Amount = \$648,700 Chiller Load Bid = 425 Tons; Chiller Bid Amount = \$223,126

MARINER PLUMBING AND HEATING:

Boiler Load Bid = 23,075 MBH; Boiler Bid Amount = \$622,325 Chiller Load Bid = 440 Tons; Chiller Bid Amount = \$229,280

Team	Mechanical Estimating	Exercise
------	-----------------------	----------

aline Load Analysis						
oling Load Analysis	Area (1)		Rate (2)		Load (4)	
Condos	Alea (II)	sf	Nate (2)	sf/ton	<u>Loud (4)</u>	tons
<u> </u>)	sf		sf/ton		tons
Offices & Public Spaces	with the second			sf/ton		tons
Retail	3463-064	sf		Si/tOff		JUIIS
Total Basic Tonnage		sf	#DIV/0!	sf/ton	C	tons
			(average)			
ating Load Analysis						
,,,,,	<u> Area (1)</u>		Rate (3)	· one of the same	<u>Load (4)</u>	-
Condos		sf	3. Annabalah melangan	BTU/sf		BTU
Offices & Public Spaces		sf		BTU/sf		BTU
Retail	0.000	sf		BTU/sf	Andrews	BTU
Total Basic BTUs		sf		BTU/sf		BTL
- A - I - I - I						
ost Analysis	Amt (5)		Cost (6)		Amount (7)	
Cooling (Chiller only)		-				
Basic tonnage	300	tons				
Diversity		%				
Redundancy		%				
Estimated Cooling \$		tons		\$/ton		3
Heating (Boiler only)						
Basic BTU's	water the state of	BTUs				
Diversity		%				
Redundancy		%				
Estimated Heating \$		BTUs				
		MBH		\$/MBH		
tes:						
1) Calculate areas from plans						
2) Chose cooling rate from table of alte				co building)		
(3) Calculate heat loss rate from inform				e building)		
(4) Multiply the area by the rate to calculuse Use calculated tons and BTU's and	from written DE	IIS OI HEAD IIID reguin	rements provide	d determine th	e diversity and red	undan
(5) percentages	nom willen er	zii ib iedaii	ements provide	sa, actorimic tr	o divoronty and roa	arraar.
percentages		_			464.31	
(6) From bids, determine the right Subc	ontractor cost	to use for y	our estimate. S	iame sub for bo	th chiller and boller	

am	Mechanical Estimating Exercis
SUBCONTRACTOR SELECTED:	
REASON FOR SELECTED SUBCON	TRACTOR:

Exercise Narrative:

calculations of the correct number of fixtures so you can determine the right amount of money to include, and to For this exercise you will need to calculate the number of light fixtures and watts/sf required to light the parking pricing, information received from subcontractors can be very contradicting when it comes to fixture types and calculations. There are two different methods to calculate the garage lighting in this exercise. Like mechanical garage on sheets A2.01 to A2.05, in order to determine which fixture you would use for your RFP response. Only calculate the SF that will be lit by parking garage type fixtures, do not include shaft areas in your SF counts, and thus pricing may vary widely. It is necessary at times to have your team perform your own help select the right subcontractor's fixture information to use in the proposal.

Exercise Process:

Problem 1: SF Method - State of Washington Allowed

worksheet to determine the allowable wattage for lighting the parking garage. Using the information provided on the two different light fixtures, (Fixture Type A and Fixture Type B), determine if the wattage required to Using the information given from the State of Washington, Table 15-1 Unit LPA, fill out the "SF Method" use either of these fixtures is within the wattage levels allowed by the State of Washington. If they are not, you'll need to move to Problem 2.

Exercise Process:

Problem 2: Zonal Cavity Method - Maintained Foot-candles

different fixture types. Using the information given, fill out the "Zonal Cavity Worksheet" to determine if either of the two fixtures will be within the State of Washington allowable lighting allowance and recommend which This method is a much more scientific method of calculating lighting levels that will be maintained using fixture you will include in your proposal.

Fixture Information:

Type A:

- 42 watt fluorescent lamps, 3200 Lumens per lamp, four (4) lamps per fixture
- With ballast losses each lamp consumes 45 watts of power or 180 watts/fixture
- Quoted Cost = \$700.00/fixture

Type B:

- 100 watt metal-halide lamp, 8500 lumens per lamp, One (1) lamp per fixture
- With ballast losses this lamp consumes 118 watts of power or 118 watts/fixture
- Quoted Cost = \$395/fixture

2006 Washington State Nonresidential Energy Code Compliance Form

	ighting Su				LTG-INT
	onresidential Energy Code Project Address	Oompliance Forms 1 - Always fill out this line on PRJ-S		Date	12/26/2007
roject Info	10,000,100,000		014	For Building Departn	
		2 - Fill out this line on PRJ-SUM		. 0. 00	
	Applicant Name:	3 - Fill out this line on PRJ-SUM			
	Applicant Address:	4 - Fill out this line on PRJ-SUM			
	Applicant Phone:	5 - Fill out this line on PRJ-SUM 6 - Fill out this line on PRJ-SUM		-	
		New Building Addition	Alteration	Plans Included	
Project Desc	ription			humans .	
		Refer to WSEC Section 1513 for contro	ls and commissio	ning requirements.	
Compliance	Ontion	Prescriptive Lighting Power Allo		O Systems Analys	
Computatice	Option	(See Qualification Checklist (over). Indicat	e Prescriptive & LP	A spaces clearly on p	lans.)
Alteration E	xceptions	No changes are being made to the light	ng		
check appropriate	box - sec. 1132.3)	Less than 60% of the fixtures new, Insta	lled wattage not inc	reased, & space use i	not changed.
	llowed Light	ing Wattage			
.ocation floor/room no.)		Occupancy Description	Allowed Watts per ft ² **	Area in ft²	Allowed x Area
** Fr	rom Table 15-1 (over) - document all exceptions on form LTG-LPA		Total Allowed Watts	
Proposed Li	ghting Watta	ge			
Location	1		Number of	Watts/	Watts
(floor/room no.)		Fixture Description	Fixtures	Fixture	Proposed
					-
					_
	Total Proposed W	atts may not exceed Total Allowed Watts for I	nterior	Total Proposed Watte	3

Notes:

1. For proposed Fixture Description, indicate fixture type, lamp type (e.g. T-8), number of lamps in the fixture, and ballast type (if included). For track lighting, list the length of the track (in feet) in addition to the fixture, lamp, and ballast information.

3. List all fixtures. For exempt lighting, note section and exception number, and leave Watts/Fixture blank.

^{2.} For proposed Watts/Fixture, use manufacturer's listed maximum input wattage of the fixture (not simply the lamp wattage) and other criteria as specified in Section 1530. For hard-wired ballasts only, the default table in the NREC Technical Reference Manual may also be used. For track lighting, list the greater of actual luminaire wattage or length of track multiplied by 50, or as applicable, the wattage of current limiting devices or of the transformer.

Interior Lighting Summary (back)

LTG-INT

2006 Washington State Norresidential Energy Code Compliance Forms

levised July 2007

Prescriptive Spaces	Occupancy:	○ Warehouses, storage areas or aircraft storage hangers ○ Other
Commission Checking	Lighting Fixtures: (Section 1521)	Check if 95% or more of fixtures comply with 1,2 or 3 and rest are ballasted. 1. Fluorescent fixtures which are non-lensed with a) 1 or 2 two lamps, b) reflector or louvers, c) 5-60 watt T-1, T-2, T-4, T-5, T-8 lamps, and d) hard-wired electronic dimming ballasts. Screw-In compact fluorescent fixtures do not qualify. 2. Metal Halide with a) reflector b) ceramic MH lamps <= 150w c) electronic ballasts 3. LED lights.

TABLE 15-1 Unit Lighting Power Allowance (LPA)

Use'	LPA ² (W/sf)	Use'	LPA ² (W/sf)
Automotive facility	0.9	Office buildings, office/administrative areas in facilities of other use types (including but not limited to schools, hospitals, institutions, museums, banks, churches) ^{5,7,11}	1.0
Convention center	1.2	Penitentiary and other Group I-3 Occupancies	1.0
Courthouse	1.2	Police and fire stations ⁸	1.0
Cafeterias, fast food establishments ⁵ , restaurants/bars ⁵	1.3	Post office	1.1
Dormitory	1.0	Retail ¹⁰ , retail banking, mall concourses, wholesale stores (pallet rack shelving)	1.5
Exercise center	1.0	School buildings (Group E Occupancy only), school classrooms, day care centers	1.2
Gymnasla ⁴ , assembly spaces ⁹	1.0	Theater, motion picture	1.2
Health care clinic	1.0	Theater, performing arts	1.6
Hospital, nursing homes, and other Group I-1 and I-2 Occupancies	1.2	Transportation	1.0
Hotel/motel	1.0	Warehouses ¹¹ , storage areas	0.5
Hotel banquet/conference/exhibition hall ^{3,4}	2.0	Workshops	1.4
Laboratory spaces (all spaces not classified "laboratory" shall meet office and other appropriate categories)	1.8	Parking garages	0.2
Laundries	1.2		
Libraries ⁵	1,3	Plans Submitted for Common Areas Only	
Manufacturing facility	1,3	Main floor building lobbies3 (except mall concourses)	1.2
Museum	1,1	Common areas, corridors, tollet facilities and washrooms, elevator lobbies	0.8

Footnotes for Table 15-1

- 1) In cases in which a general use and a specific use are listed, the specific use shall apply. In cases in which a use is not mentioned specifically, the Unit Power Allowance shall be determined by the building official. This determination shall be based upon the most comparable use specified in the table. See Section 1512 for exempt areas.
- 2) The watts per square foot may be increased, by two percent per foot of ceiling height above twenty feet, unless specifically directed otherwise by subsequent footnotes.
- 3) Watts per square foot of room may be increased by two percent per foot of ceiling height above twelve feet.
- 4) For all other spaces, such as seating and common areas, use the Unit Light Power Allowance for assembly.
- 5) Watts per square foot of room may be increased by two percent per foot of ceiling height above nine feet.
- 6) Received
- 7) For conference rooms and offices less than 150ft² with full height partitions, a Unit Lighting Power Allowance of 1.10 w/ft² may be used.
- 8) Reserved
- 9) For indoor sport tournament courts with adjacent spectator seating over 5,000, the *Unit Lighting Power Allowance* for the court area is 2.60 W/8²
- 10) Display window illumination installed within 2 feet of the window, provided that the display window is separated from the retail space by walls or at least three-quarter-height partitions (transparent or opaque), and lighting for free-standing display where the lighting moves with the display are exempt.

An additional 1.5 w/ft² of merchandise display luminaires are exempt provided that they comply with all three of the following:

- a) located on ceiling-mounted track or directly on or recessed into the ceiling itself (not on the wall).
- adjustable in both the horizontal and vertical axes (vertical axis only is acceptable for fluorescent and other fixtures with two points of track attachment).
- c) fitted with LED, tungsten halogen, fluorescent, or high intensity discharge lamps.

This additional lighting power is allowed only if the lighting is actually installed.

11) Provided that a floor plan, indicating rack location and height, is submitted, the square footage for a warehouse may be defined, for computing the interior Unit Lighting Power Allowance, as the floor area not covered by racks plus the vertical face area (access side only) of the racks. The height allowance defined in footnote 2 applies only to the floor area not covered by racks.

"SF Method" Lighting Load Analysis

Team	
------	--

Parking Lighting - Was	hington	Fixture A	Fixture B
	Action		
alculate Watts Allowed By State to Light Park			
1 Parking Ramp Area (sf)	(Take-off Sheets A2.01-A2.05)		- Control of the Cont
2 Lighting Power Allowance (Watts/sf)	(Find from info given to you)		<u>.</u>
3 Total Wattage Allowed by State	#1 * #2		4.00 km² (m. 1)
Calculate # of Fixtures Allowed to Meet State A	llowance using Wattage		
4 Watts/fixture	(Find from info given to you)		
Ouantity of Fixtures allowed to be used to stay below lighting power allowance	#3 / #4		
Calculate # of Fixtures Required Using Lighting	g Specs		
6 Area (sf)/Fixture (Area each fixture will light)	This is given "Rule of Thumb" to use for this calculation	800	50
Number of fixtures required using square foot per fixture "Rule of Thumb"	#1 / #6		
8 Total watts used if (sf) quantity is used	#7 * #4		
9 Req'd watts/sf based on Lighting Specs	#8 / #1		
Calaulata Fintura Bankaga Cont			
Calculate Fixture Package Cost 10 Cost per Fixture	(Find from info given to you)		
11 Cost of Parking Lighting System	#7 * #10		A second
12 Fixture Package Cost per sf	#11 / #1		
If line #9 exceeds #2, use the more accurate way of determining quantity of fixtures needed (Problem 2)	Does req'd fixture wattage/sf exceed State allowable wattage? If no, stop here.	Y / N	Y / N
needed (Floblem 2)	If yes, move to Problem 2	microbiologica (material de la material	
Notes:			

Problem 1-State SF Form 2/11/2008

"Zonal Cavity Method" of determining the quantity of light maintained on the floor of a parking ramp

		0	භ	4	ĸ	ဖ	7	æ	Ø	10	<u>₹~</u>	12	13	14	15	16	17
	OLL I	Aron	100		Cailing I Rm Cavity	Coefficient	Maint	limens	ans Total Lumens # of Lamps Lamps per # Fixtures # Fixtures	# of Lamps	Lamps per	# Fixtures	# Fixtures		Natts per Installed	Installed	State Allowed
Tymo	ù	D (I	Midth		Ratio	of Utilization Factor	Factor	per L	Required Required	Required	Fixture	Fixture Required Installed	Installed	Fixture	Watts	Watts per SF	Watts per SF Watts per SF
20.7	2012	2															
														-			
4			1190	\$													
m			1190	6													

INFORMATION NEEDED:

1) IES requires 5 foot-candles (FC) of light in a parking ramp

- (IES = Illuminating Engineering Society of North America)
- 5) Room Cavity Ratio (RCR) Formula = (IES FC)*(Height) * (Length + Width)/Area
- (Note: Length + width is for two sides/fl of the garage footprint only, not all 4 sides. This is provided for you.)

- 6) Coefficient of Utilization (COU):
- This is a multiplier that accounts for light reflectivity based on design and garage materials (From COU Chart)

7) Maintenance Factor (MF):

- This is a multiplier that accounts for light loss due to lamps aging and getting dirty and ballast factors (From MF Worksheet)
- Total Lumens required = (IES FC)*(SF) / (COU)*(MF)
- 10) Number of lamps required = Total Lumens required / lumens per lamp
- 12) Number of fixtures required = number of lamps required / lamps per fixture
- 13) Number of fixtures installed = number of fixtures required rounded up to nearest whole #
- 14) Watts per fixture = from information given
- 15) Installed watts = (number of fixtures installed) * (watts per fixture)
- 16) Installed watts per SF = Installed watts / Area
- 17) State Allowed watts/SF = from State Table 15-1 information in Problem 1
- 18) Cost per fixture from information given
- Total fixture package cost = (# of fixtures installed) * (cost per fixture)
- 20) Cost per sf = (cost per fixture) / Area

CONCLUSION: Using this Zone Cavity Method:

- 1) Is either fixture under the State allowed watts per SF? If so, which fixture?
- 2) Which fixture would you include in your proposal and why?

COEFFICIENT OF UTILIZATION CHART

Fixture Type A Coefficient of Utilization (This is the percentage of light that actually reaches the area being illuminated)

20%	50% 30%	0.35 0.30	0.42 0.38
<u>%0</u> 2	20% 30%	0.42 0.41	0.48 0.45
Ceiling Reflectance =	Wall Reflectance =	COU Value =	COU Value =
RCR	Value	0	

Type A COU value selected:

Fixture type B

Coefficient of Utilization (This is the percentage of light that actually reaches the area being illuminated)

RCR	Ceiling Reflectance =	0/	%02	20%	%
Value	Wall Reflectance =	20%	30%	20%	30%
0	= COU Value =	0.41	0.40	0.33	0.30
	= COU Value =	0.43	0.42	0.35	0.36

Type B COU value selected:

Note: For this calculation, assume the ceiling of the parking structure will be painted (70% reflectance) and the walls will be rubbed exposed concrete (50% reflectance). The COU value you will need will be an extrapolated value based on the RCR value calculated from the worksheet.

MAINTENANCE FACTOR WORKSHEET

The Maintenance Factor (MF) is the factor obtained by multiplying the following: Maintenance Factor equals (DDF) * (LF)

Dirt Depreciation Factor (DDF)	DDF
Areas that are kept very clean, with minimal dirt and dust in area Areas that are kept clean, with dirt and dust in area	0.95

MF (for Zone Cavity Method Calculation)		
ME (for Zone Cav	W	
11	[[
၂		
DOF		***************************************
	Fype A	Type B

Notes: Assume in discussion with Owner, the parking area will be swept every other month, but dirt and dust will be prevalent in the area

LEED™ Scorecard

Instructions

each category and provides a total score for the project. Do not input values in the category subtotal or in the project total fields as this will be done automatically dates each printout to give you a snapshot of your LEED™ score as your project progresses. The active spreadsheet sums the credit points for The scorecard below should be used throughout the design and development of your building project to track your anticipated LEED™ score. The spreadsheet automatically.

shown inthe far right column in each category. Remember that Energy & Atmosphere Credit 1.1 through 1.5 are each worth two points. of points in the third column labeled "N" if this credit will not be pursued or is not applicable to the project. The possible points available for each credit are "Y" if this credit will be pursued. Input the number of points in the second column labeled "?" if it is unsure if this credit will be pursued. Finally, input the number boxes to indicate the likelihood of achieving each credit. To score the project appropriately, input the number of points for that credit into the first column labeled The prerequisites are required and must be achieved. Thus, a "Y" appears adjacent in the first box and the other two are shaded. Beside each credit are three

certification category are listed below this row. A minimum of 26 points and achievement of all prerequisites is required to certify a project. The total number of points listed in the first box of the Total Project Score indicates the current anticipated score of the project. The ranges for each LEED

Credits 1.1 to 1.4 to reflect the strategies your project will propose. In the Innovation & Design Process category you are encouraged to propose up to four innovations for your project. You should rename the credit titles for

Total Project Score

Possible Points 69

Credit 8 Light Pollution Reduction	Credit 7.2 Landscape & Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands, Roof	Credit 7.1 Landscape & Exterior Design to Reduce Heat Islands, Non-Roof	Credit 6.2 Stormwater Management, Treatment	Credit 6.1 Stormwater Management, Rate and Quantity	Credit 5.2 Reduced Site Disturbance, Development Footprint	Credit 5.1 Reduced Site Disturbance, Protect or Restore Open Space	Credit 4.4 Alternative Transportation, Parking Capacity	Credit 4.3 Alternative Transportation, Alternative Fuel Refueling Stations	Credit 4.2 Alternative Transportation, Bicycle Storage & Changing Rooms	Credit 4.1 Alternative Transportation, Public Transportation Access	Credit 3 Brownfield Redevelopment	Credit 2 Urban Redevelopment	Credit 1 Site Selection	Prereg 1 Erosion & Sedimentation Control	Name and Conference of the Con	Signature Sense Se
1110000	1 Credit 7	1 Credit 6	Credit 5.2	1 Credit 5.1	1 Credit 4.2	Credit 4.1	Credit 3.2	1 Credit 3.1	Credit 2.2	1 Credit 2.1	Credit 1.3	1 Credit 1.2	Credit	Y And And Present	Y 2 Z	renan
Horomanianianiany Possiisi Pontanony	Certified Wood	Rapidly Renewable Materials					Resource Keuse, specify 10%				Building Keuse, Maintain 100% oneil & 50% Noticoleil	Building xeuse, waintain 100% of examily offer	Duilding Neuse, Manian 1976 of Existing Shall	Storage & Collection of Recyclables		TAIS & ROSSING S

Possible Points 6

Credit 6	Credit 5	Credit 4	Credit 3	Credit 2.3	Credit 2.2	Credit 2.1	Credit 1.5	Credit 1.4	Credit 1.3	Credit 1.2	Credit 1.1	Y AND TO SAN AND AND PREYERS 3	Y MAN Prereq 2	Y Total of Present 1	Y ? N	0)10	Credit 3.2	Credit 3.1	Credit 2	Credit 1.2	Credit 1.1
Green Power	Measurement & Verification	Ozone Depletion	Additional Commissioning	Renewable Energy, 20%	Renewable Energy, 10%	Renewable Energy, 5%	Optimize Energy Performance, 60% New / 50% Existing	Optimize Energy Performance, 50% New / 40% Existing	Optimize Energy Performance, 40% New / 30% Existing	Optimize Energy Performance, 30% New / 20% Existing	Optimize Energy Performance, 20% New / 10% Existing	CFC Reduction in HVAC&R Equipment	Minimum Energy Performance	Fundamental Building Systems Commissioning		red Almosphara	Water Use Reduction, 30% Reduction	Water Use Reduction, 20% Reduction	Innovative Wastewater Technologies	Water Efficient Landscaping, No Potable Use or No Irrigation	Water Efficient Landscaping, Reduce by 50%

Y 2 N Y 2 Prereq 1 Y 2 Prereq 2	Minimum IAQ Performance Environmental Tobacco Smoke (ETS) Control
Credit 2	Increase Ventilation Effectiveness
Credit 3.1	Construction IAQ Management Plan, During Construction 1
Credit 3.2	Construction IAQ Management Plan, Before Occupancy
Credit 4.1	Low-Emitting Materials, Adhesives & Sealants
Credit 4.2	Low-Emitting Materials, Paints
Credit 4.3	Low-Emitting Materials, Carpet
Credit 4.4	Low-Emitting Materials, Composite Wood
Credit 5	Indoor Chemical & Pollutant Source Control
Credit 6.1	Controllability of Systems, Perimeter
Credit 6.2	Controllability of Systems, Non-Perimeter
Credit 7.1	Thermal Comfort, Comply with ASHRAE 55-1992
Credit 7.2	Thermal Comfort, Permanent Monitoring System
Credit 8.1	Daylight & Views, Daylight 75% of Spaces
Credit 8.2	Daylight & Views, Views for 90% of Spaces

Scorecard

Credit 1.4 Innovation in Design: Specific Title
Credit 2 LEED™ Accredited Professional

Credit 1.1 Innovation in Design: Specific Title
Credit 1.2 Innovation in Design: Specific Title
Credit 1.3 Innovation in Design: Specific Title

Innovation & Designificances

Possible Poins 15

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U S Green Building Council

LEED[™] Calculator 2.0



2008 ASC Student Competition National Preconstruction Services Problem Evaluation Form

Dear ASC Preconstruction Services Problem Teams/Team Leaders:

Please have each team leader complete this evaluation form and return it with the Team Leader to the Debrief and Answer Session on Friday, February 15, 2008 at 7:00 PM. *The provided evaluation form is your admission ticket* for your team to the 7:00 PM Debrief and Answer Session.

Your feedback is important to our team as we improve the quality of this problem in the years to come. Be honest and forthright with your answers. If you need additional space, please use the back of this form for your comments. Please label the question number to which you are responding.

Thank you for your time and consideration.

problem?

l.	Why did you choose this particular problem?
2.	What was the most challenging component of the problem statement?
3.	What time on Thursday did your team complete the written Phase II portion of the problem?
4.	How well does your class work prepare you for this problem?

5. How much time (in total hours) did your team exercise the industry at large in preparing for this

6.	How satisfied are you with the time allotment to respond to each section of the problem?
a.	Phase I - Prequalification
C	Very Dissatisfied Dissatisfied Neither Dissatisfied or Satisfied Satisfied Very Satisfied
b.	Phase II – Proposal
C	Very Dissatisfied Dissatisfied Neither Dissatisfied or Satisfied Satisfied Very Satisfied
C.	Presentation
	Very Dissatisfied Dissatisfied Neither Dissatisfied or Satisfied Satisfied Very Satisfied
7.	List any recommended changes to the competition rules. Include how to implement your recommendation.
8.	Overall, how satisfied were you with the Preconstruction Services Problem?
C	Very Dissatisfied Dissatisfied Neither Dissatisfied or Satisfied Satisfied Very Satisfied
9.	Overall, how satisfied were you with the Preconstruction Services Problem as a learning tool?
C	Very Dissatisfied Dissatisfied Neither Dissatisfied or Satisfied Satisfied Very Satisfied
10.	. Overall, how satisfied were you as to the professionalism of the PCL Problem team members?
C	Very Dissatisfied Dissatisfied Neither Dissatisfied or Satisfied Satisfied Very Satisfied
11	List three positive things about this years' competition. Does not have to be Preconstruction Services Problem specific.
19	List three negative things about this years' competition. Does not have to be Preconstruction Services

- 13. On a scale of 1-10, (ten being the best) how would you rate this year's competition?
- 14. Rate each category using the following evaluation scoring system:

1 = Poor	2 = Needs Improvement	3 = Average	4 = Good	5 = Excellent					
a	Location of facilities Quality of the presentation roo	om & equipment							
b c.	Applicability to school course	work							
d		Availability of support from the Architect/Contracting/Engineering community							
e f.	Format of the problem statem Amount of work to the proble	m statement							
g	Quality of the problem statem								
h	Clarity of the Addendum Amount of presentation time								

15. How much of the financial burden of this trip was paid by the students (not including entertainment and gambling) as a percentage of total costs?