SECTION 09220

PORTLAND CEMENT PLASTER

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 DESCRIPTION

- A. This Section describes the requirements for furnishing and installing the following type(s) of portland-cement plaster:
 - 1. Three-coat application over metal lath.
- B. Related Sections:
 - 1. Cold-formed metal framing is specified in Section 05400.
 - 2. Gypsum sheathing is specified in Section 06169.
 - 3. Wall membrane is specified in Section 07195.
 - 4. Metal lath and accessories are specified in Section 09207.
 - 5. Painting is specified in Section 09900.

1.02 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: Manufacturer's written recommendations, proportion mixes, and installation instructions for each product, including data showing compliance with specified requirements.
- B. Samples:
 - 1. For initial selection purposes, furnish manufacturer's color charts consisting of actual units or sections of units at least 12-inches square showing full range of colors, textures, and patterns available for each type of finish.
 - a. Where finish involves normal color and texture variations, include sample sets composed of two or more units showing full range of variations expected.
 - 2. For verification purposes, furnish units at least 12-inches square sets of each type of texture and color, showing full range of variations expected in the completed work.
- C. Certification from an independent Testing Agency that aggregates comply with specified requirements.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Code Requirements: Comply with applicable requirements of CBC Sections 2508.
- B. Allowable Tolerances of Finished Surface: Maximum deviation from true plane shall not exceed 1/4-inch as measured from the line of a 5-foot straightedge placed at any location on the surface.
- C. Field-Constructed Mock-Up: Prior to plastering work, fabricate panels for each type of finish and application required to demonstrate aesthetic effects of application and qualities of materials and application.
 - 1. Locate mock-ups on site where directed by the Architect.
 - 2. Erect a 4-foot x 4-foot mock-up using materials and methods to be incorporated in the work.
 - 3. Demonstrate range of aesthetic effects, including color, texture, and workmanship to be expected in the completed work.
 - Retain and maintain mock-ups during construction in undisturbed condition as a standard for judging completed plaster work.

1.04 PRODUCT DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver manufactured materials in original unopened packages or containers with manufacturer's label intact and legible.
- B. Keep cement and lime dry, stored off the ground, under cover, and away from damp surfaces.
- C. Remove wet and deteriorated materials from Project site.

1.05 JOB CONDITIONS

- A. Environmental Requirements:
 - Provide sufficient heat and ventilation at enclosed areas where plastering is being performed to allow cement plaster to properly cure.
 - 2. Take precautionary measures necessary to ensure that excessive temperature changes do not occur.
 - 3. Cold Weather Requirements: Do not apply cement plaster unless minimum ambient temperature of 50-degrees F. has been and continues to be maintained for a minimum of 48-hours prior to application and until plaster is cured.
 - 4. Hot Weather Requirements: Protect cement plaster from uneven and excessive evaporation during hot, dry weather.

B. Protection:

- 1. Cover building openings in areas adjacent to plastering work with plastic film.
- 2. Protect finished surfaces installed prior to plastering by covering with a suitable non-staining material. Cover metal frames with plastic film.
- 3. Maintain protection in place until completion of plastering work.
- C. Pre-Application Conference: Prior to commencement of portland cement plastering, hold a pre-application conference at the Project site to discuss materials and procedures to be used. Conference shall be attended by the Architect, Contractor, Owner's Representative and plastering subcontractor.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 BASE COAT MATERIALS

- A. Portland Cement: ASTM C150, Type I or Type II.
- B. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C206, Type S, certified not less than 99-percent hydrated.
- C. Aggregates: ASTM C897.
 - 1. Gradation, Base (Scratch and Brown) Coats:

U.S. Standard	Percent Retained by Weight (+2%)	
Sieve	Minimum	Maximum
No. 8 (2.36 mm)	0	10
No. 16 (1.18mm)	10	40
No. 30 (600 um)	30	65
No. 50 (300 um)	70	90
No. 100 (150 um)	95	100

- 2. Independent Testing Agency shall sample aggregate on the Project site and test for compliance with specified ASTM C897 standard.
- D. Fiber Reinforcing: 1/2-inch alkaline-resistant chopped-glass fibers or alkaline-resistant polypropylene fibers. Detergent admixtures or clay to aid in pumping plaster will not be permitted.
- E. Water: Clean, potable, and free from substances harmful to plaster.

2.02 FINISH COAT MATERIALS

A. Factory-prepared product containing all materials required for finish coat, except water; Peerless Stucco, La Habra, or approved equal; color as selected to match approved sample and mock-up panel, smooth sand float finish.

2.03 CEMENT PLASTER

A. Mixing:

1. General:

- Accurately proportion materials for each plaster batch with measuring devices of known volume.
- b. Size batches for complete use within maximum of one-hour after mixing.
- c. Retemper plaster stiffened from evaporation, but do not use or retemper partially hydrated cement plaster.
- d. Do not use caked or lumping materials.
- e. Mix factory-prepared plaster in accordance with the manufacturer's written instructions.
- f. Use moist, loose sand in mix proportions.
- g. Withhold 10-percent of mixing water until mixing is almost complete, then add as needed to produce necessary consistency.

2. Mechanical Mixing:

- a. Clean mixer of set or hardened materials before loading for new batch.
- b. Maintain mixer in continuous operation while adding materials.
- c. Conform to mixing sequence and time recommended by manufacturer of plaster materials. Add fibers by sprinkling in mix during last 2-minutes of mixing cycle.
- 3. Hand Mixing: Do not hand-mix unless authorized by Architect.
- B. Mix Proportions by Volume: As specified in CBC Table 25-F for plaster thickness indicated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 INSPECTION

- A. Verify that surfaces to be plastered are free of dust, loose particles, oil, and other foreign matter which would affect bond of plaster coats.
- B. Examine construction, grounds, and accessories to ensure that finished plaster surfaces will be true to line, level, and plumb, without requiring additional thickness of plaster.
- C. Do not commence installation until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.02 APPLICATION

A. Number of Coats: Provide three-coat application over metal lath in accordance with ASTM C926.

B. Three-Coat Application:

- 1. Apply plaster by hand or machine spray. If machine applied, use only experienced machine applicator foreman and nozzleman. Slump for machine applied plaster shall be between 2-1/2- to 4-inches at mixer and 2- to 3-1/2-inches at nozzle.
- 2. Interrupt plaster coats only at junctions of plaster planes, at openings, or at control joints.
- 3. Apply scratch coat with sufficient material and pressure to form full keys through and to embed metal base. When firm, score in one direction.
- Apply brown coat to scratch coat, bringing out to grounds, flat to true surface, and free of imperfections which would reflect in finish coat.
- 5. Reconsolidate brown coat by floating, and roughen to assure bond with finish coat.
- Apply finish coat in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and uniformly float to true, even surface.
- 7. Nominal Plaster Thickness Measured from Face of Lath, in accordance with ASTM C929, Table 4:
 - a. Vertical Surfaces:
 - 1) Scratch Coat: 3/8-inch, minimum.
 - 2) Brown Coat: 3/8-inch.
 - 3) Finish Coat: 1/8-inch, minimum.

C. Curing:

- 1. Maintain moist conditions by fine fog spraying
- Cure scratch coat for a minimum of 48-hours, and maintain a minimum of 48-hours between application of scratch coat and brown coat.
- 3. Cure brown coat for a minimum of 48-hours, and maintain a minimum of 7-days between the application of the brown coat and finish coat.

3.04 COMPLETION

A. Patching:

- Upon completion of application, point up plaster around trim and other locations where plaster meets dissimilar materials.
- 2. Cut out and patch defective or damaged plaster.
- 3. Match patching of defective or damaged plaster to existing work in form, texture, and color.

B. Cleaning:

- Remove plaster and protective materials from control and expansion joints, perimeter beads, and adjacent surfaces.
- 2. Remove stains that would adversely affect subsequent finishes on plaster.
- C. When complete, plaster surfaces shall be flat or uniformly curved, true to plane; and free from scaffold and tool marks, stains, or other damage or defects and shall be uniform in color and texture.

END OF SECTION